

## POSTAL HISTORY OF THE GRECO-ITALIAN WAR 1940-'41

The Italian invasion of Greece began on **28.10.40**. At the time, Greek military units were organized according to the pre-war (1939) document "Organization of the Armed Forces", Campaign Plan I-B (I-Italy, B-Bulgaria), and also **Mobilization Plan 1939\beta** dated 5.12.1939. The latter provided detailed specifics regarding the composition and deployment of:

- The General Staff
- Two military administrative departments T.Σ.Δ.Μ. (Western Macedonia Army Section) and T.Σ.Κ. (Kavala Army Section) and very shortly thereafter T.Σ.Α.Μ. (Eastern Macedonia Army Section)
- Five Army Corps Σ.Σ. (1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th, and 5th)
- Fifteen Divisions (14 infantry M.II., 1 cavalry M.I.)
- Four Infantry Brigades

Greece had already prepared for the possibility of war – both materially and psychologically. Having seen Italian forces moving close to the border, Greece had put into effect two call ups for military services – an "official" one in October 1939, and a "covert" one in August 1940.

The Greco-Italian War created glorious pages on the battlefields, so it rightfully earned the designation of the "epic." Within a few weeks, Greece had already gained the upper hand, and the myth of Axis invincibility was evident for all to see. Italian forces were pushed back across the border, into Albania. The situation got so bad the Italians had to call on the German Army to bail them out. However, this was not without consequences - namely the delay of German preparations for the invasion of the Soviet Union.

The period of the Greco-Italian War ends around late April 1941, shortly after the German attack on Greece (April 6, 1941). Subsequently, Greece will enter the dark period of German occupation.

Although the duration was relatively short, the Greco-Italian War nonetheless provides an interesting collection of postal items.

To cope with the large volume of mail (9,643,000 letters censored in February '41), the army created:

- Five Central Military Post Offices (KΣT), in key locations
- Postal sectors (TT) for individual units with a code number for large units which was not related in any way to the unit's secret code, name or location.

**Military mail** was censored throughout the war as well as during the call up period. At first, this was done mostly for larger units. From **within Greece to the army**, censorship was performed by the K $\Sigma$ Ts who were responsible for the military mail. Later, a  $\Gamma E \Sigma$  (Hellenic Army General Staff) directive, dated 11.11.1940, this control was ultimately assigned the **Civil Correspondence Offices** upon dispatch. Censorship of **outgoing mail** from the army (after the K $\Sigma$ Ts) was carried out by the post offices of the units, (the corresponding TT).

Military units usually employed postcards, either private or official military service ones.

In the case of **civil correspondence**, censorship was initially the job of the local authorities (usually the Gendarmerie/Police). Later, this function was assigned to the censorship offices of the Greek Post Offices, and to post offices in occupied Albania. At some point, these also took over the military mail (as noted earlier). A variety of official censorship markings were used, with or without the location, as well as resealing adhesive tape.

At the beginning of the war, mail to and from the army (up to 20 gr) was postage free.

The exhibit refers to the organization of the postal service of this period and its preparation (offices, cancellations, markings on mail, especially censors).

A prominent place in the exhibit is occupied by items of correspondence of prisoners of war.

The locations of the units' operations during the specified period, shown in parentheses, are based on the research of the presenter

#### Bibliography:

J PERIVOLIOTIS: THE MILITARY POSTAL HISTORY FROM 1924 TO APRIL '41. Magazine "Philately" Issue 240-245/1945

U. BELLAS: LA GUERRE D' ALBANIE ET SON HISTOIRE POSTALE, Publ. Philatelic Society of Athens 1978

G.E.S/D.I.S: THE PREPARATION FOR WAR OF THE GREEK ARMY 1923-40. Athens 1959

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K. FOTIOU: THE EPIC 1940-41, THROUGHT PHILATELIC AND OTHERS DOCs, VOURNAS Publ. Athens 2008 S. BOSOVITCH: VARIOUS ARTICLES ON PRISONERS OF WAR EXHIBIT FRAME 1: PREPARATORY MEASURES - BORDER SECTORS, CALL UP '39

EXHIBIT FRAME 2-3: CALL UP '40, CENTRAL MILITARY POST OFFICES (ΚΣΤ), POSTAL SECTORS (ΤΤ),

**EXHIBIT FRAME 4:** GARRISON HEADQUARTERS, HOSPITALS, NAVAL POST OFFICES, BRITISH FORCES

EXHIBIT FRAME 5-6: AIR FORCE UNITS, ANNEXED TERRITORIES:
NORTH EPIRUS, "SPOILS OF WAR" - ALBANIAN CAMPAIGN,
PRISONER-OF-WAR CAMPS, HUMOROUS CARDS, FAKE
COVERS, MILITARY IDS, ITALIAN PROPAGANDA, FRAGMENTS
OF CHECKS, TELEGRAM CENSORSHIP

EXHIBIT FRAME 7-8: VALUES FOUND DURING CENSORSHIP, LETTER'S CENSORSHIP, CIVIL POST CENSORSHIP.

## PREPARATION FOR COVERING - FRONTIER UNITS

From 1924 onwards, Greece deployed and maintained units to guard its 1200 km. long northern frontier, which ran from the mouth of the river Evros to the Adriatic Sea, a titanic work for its time. Their composition varied – the most important of these being the so-called "FRONTIER SECTORS" and "FRONTIER SUB-SECTORS". The postal cancellations employed by them also varied. Regulations with regards to the postal services provided to these units, can be found in circular no. 4 dated 9/1/24.

Frontier Sectors were usually designated by a Latin number, whereas sub-sections were indicated by location. There were twelve in all (with VI and VII $\alpha$  being the most important). With the outbreak of the war, they were either dissolved or absorbed, and a few who remained were given their own TTs. Details can be found in the following table:

FRONTIER SECTORS			
VI Frontier Sector	NEO PETRITSI SERRES	X Frontier Sector	ARIDEA
VII Frontier Sector	DRAMA	XI Frontier Sector	KILKIS
VIIα Frontier Sector	KATO VRONTOU DRAMA	XII Frontier Sector	KOMOTINI
VIII Frontier Sector	IOANNINA	XIV Frontier Sector	XANTHI
IX Frontier Sector	FLORINA	EVROS Frontier Sector	DIDIMOTICHON
IXα Frontier Sector	KASTORIA	SOUFLI Frontier Sector	SOUFLI

Each frontier sector had its own unique postal handstamp, and this made any mail which bore it, eligible for a reduced postal fee (circular 213823/11.9.1928 of the Ministry of Transport). As described in article 1 of the decree of 4.4.1933, this fee was 10 cents per 20 grams of weight for ordinary letters and postcards.

Once the war got under way, the frontier sections were either renamed, or were incorporated into the campaign units and their mail was then free of charge.





Cover from THESSALONIKI, canc. "ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ \* 17 II 925" to 21 Infantry Regiment SIDIROKASTRON. Hand stamped "II ANEΞΑΡΤΗΤΟ TAΓΜΑ ΠΡΟΚΑΛΎΨΕΩΣ - Τ.Τ. 305", (II Indipended Covering Battalion\_PS305), arrival pmk "ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ (ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ) \* 18 II 925" The postal rate for 1925 was 1 Dr.

With the restoration of peace from 1923 onwards, permanent border garrisons were established. Such guarding units were the "COVERING BATTALIONS".

(in front 70%)





Cover from SIDIROKASTRON to LAMIA, canc. "ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ (MAKEΔONIAΣ) \* 24 IOYN 1926", arrival pmk "AAMIA **KENTPIKON\*26** IOYN 1926" Cachet "VIII TAFMA ΠΡΟΚΑΛΥΨΕΩΣ -**EAAHNIKH** ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ", (VIII Covering Battalion-Hellenic Republic)

The postal rate at that time was 1 Drachma

Note: From 1924 to 1941, on the one hand, the Military Service made changes to the covering units, and on the other hand, the country's political system changed from a Monarchy to a Republic in 1924 and back to a Monarchy in 1935.





Airmail cover from IOANNINA to ATHENS, canc. "IΩANNINA (AΦΙΞΙΣ) \* 3 VI 39" and arrival pmk "AΘΗΝΑ (ΛΕΒΙΔΟΥ 8) \* 4 VI 39". Hand stamped "TAΓΜΑ ΠΡΟΚΑΛΥΨΕΩΣ – XX ?... ΑΛΛΗΛΟΓΡΑΦΙΑΝ" (Covering Battalion-XX?... Correspondence)

Reduced Postal rate 10Lepta (as it was defined after April 4, 1933)

The reduced-rate letter was not exempt from additional fees such as the airmail fee





Small cover canc. "ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟ \* 1 1 1930"
Hand stamped "VI A ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ", (VI A Frontier
Sector - Hellenic Republic) to Infantry's School in Athens.

By the Government Gazette (FEK) of January 9, 1924, the fee for border units is set at 20 lepta/15 grams of weight



Small cover canc. "ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟ \* 10 12 1937" to PATRAS, hand stamped "ΕΠΟΠΤΕΙΑ VI ΤΟΜΕΩΣ – Δ. Φ. Θ." (Supervision of VI Sector - Thessaloniki Fortress Command T.F.C.)

At the end of 1935, in order to implement the fortifications under study, of the **Thessaloniki** Fortress Command T. F. C. ( $\Delta$ . $\Phi$ . $\Theta$ .) was established to oversee the works as provided by the then Army Organization



Cover canc.

"ΣΙΔΗΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΝ \*
8.2.1938" from VI
Frontier Sector, cachet

"VI ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ
ΤΟΜΕΥΣ – ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ
ΤΗΣ ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ",

(VI Frontier SectorKingdom of Greece),
with a central crest



Cover canc. "NEON
ΠΕΤΡΙΤΣΙΟΝ \*
11 IV 1940" from VI
FRONTIER SECTOR.
Cachet:
"VI ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ
ΤΟΜΕΥΣ - ΙΔΙΩΤΙΚΗ
ΑΛΛΗΛΟΓΡΑΦΙΑ", (VI
Frontier Sector-PrivateCorrespondence).



Cover from VII Frontier Sector, hand stamped "VII ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ" (VII Frontier Sector) with central crest, canc. "ΔΡΑΜΑ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 24 XI 40" to ATHENS, arrival pmk "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΑΦΙΞΙΣ \* 25 XI 40".

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover from KATO VRONTOU canc. "ΔPAMA \* 23 V 40", hand stamped "VIIα ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ" (VIIa Frontier Sector)

From February 24, 1941, its precise designation was "Eastern Subsector of the KARANTAG Formation" (DIS)

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Small cover canc. "NEYPOKOΠΙΟΝ \* 22 ? 1936", hand stamped "105 ΛΟΧΟΣ VIII ΣΥΝΟΡ. ΤΟΜΕΩΣ" (1st Company of VIII Frontier Sector) with a central crest

Reduced Postal rate 10L

(back 90%)





Cover canc. ΔΟΛΙΑΝΑ \*
18 ΔΕΚ 1931", cachet "1° ΤΑΓΜΑ
VIII ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ"
(1st Battalion of VIII Frontier SectorHellenic Republic)
Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover with railway pmk
"ΦΛΩΡΙΝΑ – ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ
ΚΙΝΗΤΟΝ Β' \* 11 10 1935",
hand stamped "IX ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ
ΤΟΜΕΥΣ" (IX Frontier Sector)
with a central crest, to ATHENS



Cover canc. "ΚΑΣΤΟΡΙΑ \* 3 VI 1935" to PIRAEUS, hand stamped "IX α ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ" (IX a Frontier Sector) with a central crest

Cover canc. "ΑΡΔΕΑ\*
28 VII 40" to
THESSALONIKI, cachet
"Χ ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ
ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ
ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ"
(X Frontier Sector Kingdom of Greece),
with a central crest

Reduced Postal rate 10L





Cover to the same recipient, canc.
"ΦΟΥΣΤΑΝΗ \*
24 X 40" to
THESSALONIKH, from the same Frontier
Sector (with different type of handstamp)

(50%)

He Sprider to voketiver the house of house of the soul of the soul

Burajovinos



Cover canc.

"KIΛΚΙΣ\* 22 VI
36", hand
stamped

"XI ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ
ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ
ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ",
(XI Frontier
Sector-Kingdom
of Greece), to
THESSALONIKI

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover canc. "KOMOTHNH \*
18.VII.1933", hand stamped
"XII ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΗΜΟΚΡΑΤΙΑ",
(XII Frontier Sector – Hellenic
Republic), to ATHENS



(back 80%)



Cover canc. "ΞΑΝΘΗ\*
13 OKT 1938" to ATHENS, cachet
"XIV ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ –
2°ς ΛΟΧΟΣ"
(XIV Frontier Sector – 2<sup>nd</sup>
Company)

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover canc. "ΑΞΙΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ \* 19 NOE 35" from the 2<sup>nd</sup> Company of POLIKASTRON, hand stamped "ΦΡΟΥΡΑΡΧΕΙΟΝ ΠΟΛΥΚΑΣΤΡΟΥ", (Garrison headquarter of Polikastron), to Ioannina



Cover canc. "ΔΙΔΥΜΟΤΕΙΧΟΝ \* 30 VI 37", hand stamped "ΣΥΝΟΡΙΑΚΟΣ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ ΕΒΡΟΥ" (EVROS Frontier Sector), to ATHENS

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover fragment canc. "ΔΙΜΟΙΡΙΑ ΠΑΡΑΒΡΥΣΟΥ" (Paravriso's Platoon), nowadays Plaisio Thesprotias, with a central crest, to CORFOU on 26 VI 1939

### SUB-SECTORS (SMALLER FORMATIONS)



Cover canc.

"ΑΞΙΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ\*
20 MAI 36", cachet

"ΥΠΟΤΟΜΕΥΣ ΑΞΙΟΥ –
ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ
ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ" (Sub-sector
of AXIOS – Kingdom of
Greece)

Reduced Postal rate 10L



Cover from PARANESTI DRAMAS to PIRAEUS, hand stamped "ΥΠΟΤΟΜΕΥΣ ΠΑΡΑΝΕΣΤΙΟΥ" (PARANESTI Sub-sector) with a central crest, via THESSALONIKI, canc. with railway pmk "ΑΛΕΞΑΝΔΡΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ-ΘΕΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ \* 2? Χ 37"

The Thessaloniki Fortress Command T.F.C. ( $\Delta\Phi\Theta$ ) organized 5 Departments of Works: A', B', C', D', and E'. The 1939b mobilization plan, with the ministerial decision on October 13, 1939, provided for the unit in question to be based in Thessaloniki.



Cover from "Γ' Δ/νση Έργων Φρουρίου" (C' Department of Works of TFC), canc.

"ΑΞΙΟΥΠΟΛΙΣ \* 16 ΦΕΒ 41", via THESSALONIKI, arrival pmk on 18 II 41 (back), cachet "ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΑΞΙΟΥΠΟΛΕΩΣ" (Axioupolis Military Censorship) and unframed linear handstamp marked "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (CENSORSHIP) and censor's signature

Θυσίες, δουλειά, ἄγώνας γιὰ τὴν Ἑλλάδα, μ' ἕνα μοναδικό σκοπό: ΤΗ ΝΙΚΗ	εύεται ἀπολύτως ή άναγραφή το 3 που σταθιεύσεως τῆς μονάδος	ΕΛΛΑΑΣ  ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΤΑΧΥΛΡΟΜΙΚΗ ΜΙΝΉΕΣΙΑ  ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΑΤΑΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ  ΙΤρός  Το πώνυμον (παι όνομα παι δυομα παι
καὶ γι' αὐτὴν τὰ πάντα.	*Απανο	Θυσίες, δουλειά, ἄγώνας γιὰ τὴν 'Ελλάδα, μ' ἕνα μοναδικό σχοπό: ΤΗ ΝΙΚΗ

Same sender and recipient on an official military PS card, routed via civilian post of FLORINA, canc. "ΦΛΩΡΙΝΑ \* 5 II 41" and 3-circle cachet texted "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΦΛΩΡΙΝΗΣ" (FLORINA CENSORSHIP), with a central crest and sensor's number "Λ5"

#### WITH THE START OF THE WAR ...

The **VI Frontier Sector**, headquartered in **NEO PETRITSI, SERRES**, received the Postal Sector "693" with the onset of the war. Furthermore, the rhomboidal censor mark due to a mistake with the cliché, has the "9" reversed. Subsequently, the TT693 was assigned to the XVIII Division upon its formation (December 24, 1940).





Military PS card from TT693 (PS693) to ATHENS pmk "TAX TOMEYΣ 693\* 10 I 41". Censored at the unit with the rhomboidal "TΛ 693", with the digit 9 reversed

The VIIa Frontier Sector, headquartered in KATO BRONTOU DRAMA, was served by Postal Sector "624" of the C' (3<sup>rd</sup>) REGULATORY CENTER at the start of the war. However, for better service, Postal Sector 624A was soon established as a branch of TT624.

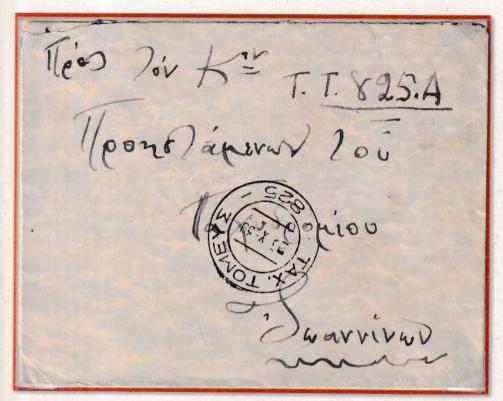


Military PS card from TT624A (73° ΣΠ - III Πυροβολαρχία- PS 624A, 730 Infantry Regiment-3<sup>rd</sup> Artillery Battery) to ATHENS canc. "TAX TOMEYΣ 624A \* 28 II 41". Censored at departure with the rhomboidal "TΛ 624" Also, the VIIα Frontier Sector, together with the 73rd Infantry Battalion (ΣΠ) and the 19th Infantry Regiment, formed the VII Infantry Brigade until February 24, 1941. After that date, this unit complex was renamed "KARANTAG COMPLEX."

## **OFFICIAL PRE-CONSCRIPTION of 1939**

The occupation of Albania (April 1939) by Italy prompted Greece to initiate an official **pre-conscription** on (Sept./Oct '39). This involved *2 Infantry Divisions* (IOANNINA, KOZANI), *1 Infantry Brigade* (FLORINA), and elements of the *CORFU MILITARY GARRISON*. Four Postal Sectors (PS) were created for mail to/from these military units (825, 912, 712 & 850 respectively), but these were later allocated to other units. These post offices and their associated censorship offices were abolished on 15.10.39 by the order of 12.10.1939 of the GES (Hellenic Army General Staff).

At that time only the specific units were postage free



(back side 40%)



Cover from TT825 (PS825), pmk. "TAX. TOMEYΣ 825 \* 3 X 39", to IOANNINA. Censored at departure with box cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ T.T.825" (CENSORSHIP P.S.825)



Private cover from KASTORIA on 21/9 1939 to ATHENS. Censored in KAΣTOPIA with box cachet "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED), censor's number #2. Resealing tape marked "ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ" (CENSORSHIP Dept.)

Due to the conscription, censorship was in effect



## ... the first messages about the coming war ...

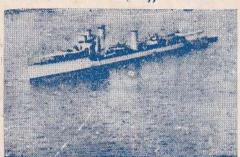
# OUR PROTECTED CRUISER ELLI...

which was recklessly torpedoed on August 15, 1940, in the port of Tinos who was there for the festive celebrations of the Virgin Mary.

Unposted privately issued letter card

AHOETOAEYE

ΤΑΧΥΔΡΟΜΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΑΡΙΟΝ Η "ΕΛΛΉ, ΜΑΣ



Έτοςπιλλίσθη ἀνάνδοως τὴν 15 °Αὖγούστου 1940 ἐν Τήνφ

ΔΕΝ ΛΗΣΜΟΝΟΥΜΕΝ

THN EAAHN....

ΘΑ ΕΚΔΙΚΗΘΟΥΜΕΝ

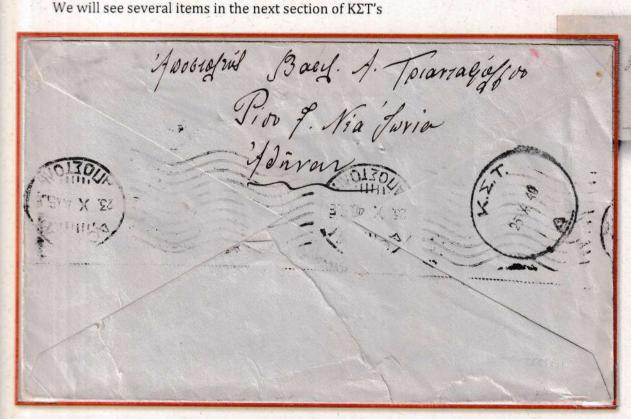
Greek proclamation of unknown date. "REMEMBER THE ELLI WE WILL AVENGE"

## **COVERT CONSCRIPTION of 1940**

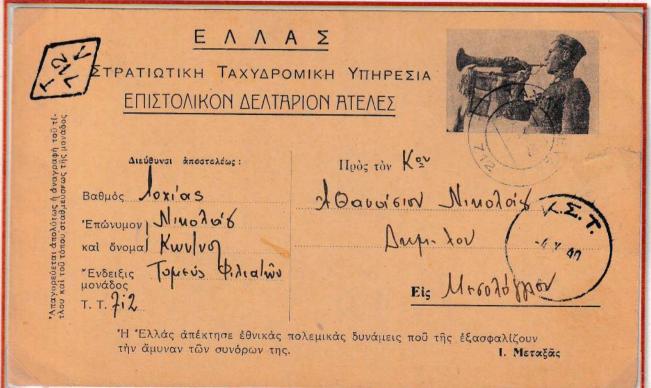
The alarming increase of Italian troops on the Greek-Albanian border, as well as the sinking of our protected cruiser **ELLI**, forced Greece into a **covert conscription** in August 1940. There were individual call-ups of reserve officers supposedly for further training and individual call-ups of unarmed soldiers. It was then that the **Military Postal Service**, the Central Military Postal (**K** $\Sigma$ **T**) offices, and the autonomous censorship offices (**T** $\Lambda$ ) of the Postal Sectors (**TT**) were created.

(in front)

Eg Ho for Topas



Free postage cover canc. "AΘΗNAI AΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \*
23 X 40" to TT900, (PS900/E' ARMY CORPS) via D'
Central Military Post Office "KΣΤ Δ \* 25 X 40" which operated in ATHENS





(back)

Military PS card from "TT712, Τάγμα προκαλύψεως Φιλιατών" (PS712, FILIATES Covering Battalion of VIII Frontier Sector)-, pmk. "TAX. ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 712 \*? X 40", to MESSOLONGHI. Censored at departure with a rhomboidal "TΛ 712" and from "C" Central Military Post Office "K.Σ.Τ. Γ \* 4 X 40". Arrival pmk in MESSOLONGHI, "ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΝ 7 ΟΚΤ 40"

## CENTRAL MILITARY POST OFFICES - (K Σ T)

<b>ΚΣΤ A</b> (A)	LARISSA
KΣT <b>B</b> (B)	IOANNINA
<b>ΚΣΤ Γ</b> (C)	THESSALONIKI
KΣT <b>Δ</b> (D)	ATHENS
<b>ΚΣΤ Ε (E)</b>	ALEXANDROUPOLI

In August of 1940, the Greek military took note of Italian forces massing at the border. This was the catalyst for an unannounced call up of Greek troops. The associated logistics of such a mobilization needed to take into account the soldiers' mail. A directive was therefore issued (on August 24, 1940), authorizing the establishment of the "Military Postal Service" of the Campaign with a number of Central Military Post Offices (K\(\Sigma T\)) in key for the war locations (see adjacent table).

Each of these also included a censorship office, and they employed a type of handstamp that produced a characteristic rhomboidal censor mark, bearing the initials  $T\Lambda$  ( $T:To\mu\acute{e}\alpha\varsigma/Department$ ), -  $\Lambda:\Lambda o\gamma o\kappa \rho\iota \sigma(\alpha\varsigma/Censorship)$  and in the middle, a letter indicating the corresponding  $K\Sigma T$  (A,B,C,D,E). These censorship offices were maintained until shortly after a directive of 11.11.1940 according to which the censorship of mail to the army was then taken over by the censorship of the sending civilian post offices.

Reminder: TT: Postal Sector (PS)

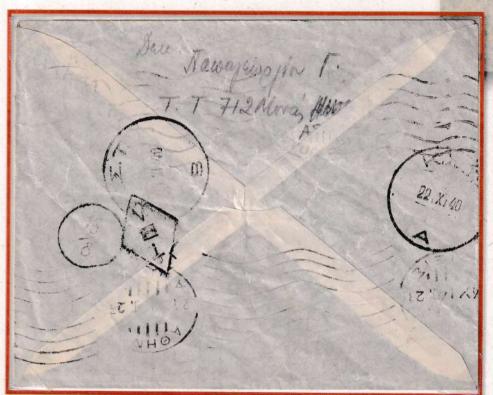
Cover from Athens to TT724 (PS724-XIII Division under the 5th Army Corps-E' $\Sigma\Sigma$ ) by way of K $\Sigma$ T  $\Delta$ \* 23 X 40 (before the declaration of war, i.e. during the August 1940 covert conscription) and of K $\Sigma$ T E \* 24 X 40, for transmission to TT724 (PS724). Censor marks at both K $\Sigma$ Ts , "T $\Lambda$   $\Delta$ " and "T $\Lambda$  E"; secured with printed tape marked "E $\Lambda$ O $\Gamma$ OKPIOH" (CENSORED) by K $\Sigma$ T E censorship. The crossed-out text on the front view of the file was made by the censorship service.

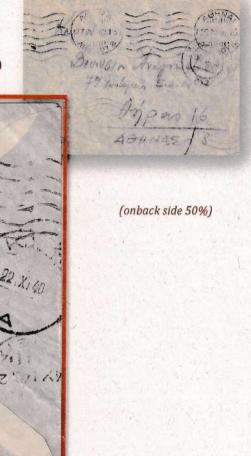




(back side 50%)

Cover from TT712 (PS712-VIII MEPAPXIA in IOANNINA) to Athens. Pmk. TAX. TOMEYΣ 712 \* 13 XI 40, (KLIMATIA village/IOANNINA). Passed firstly from KΣT B \* ? XI 40 and then from KΣT A \* 22 XI 40. Censored upon departure with rhomboidal "TΛ B". Arrival pmk of civilian post in Athens with single-circle pmk AOHNA \* 24 XI 40 and twin-circle pmk AOHNA ΛΕΒΙΔΟΥ 8 \* 25 XI 40







Cover pmk AOHNA \* 11 X 40 (covert conscription) to TT900 (PS900-E' Army corps-ALEXANROUPOLIS). The cover was initially submitted to the civilian post and forwarded to  $K\Sigma T$   $\Delta$  (backstamped 21 X 40). Censored with "T $\Lambda$   $\Delta$ " and secured with tape ribbon

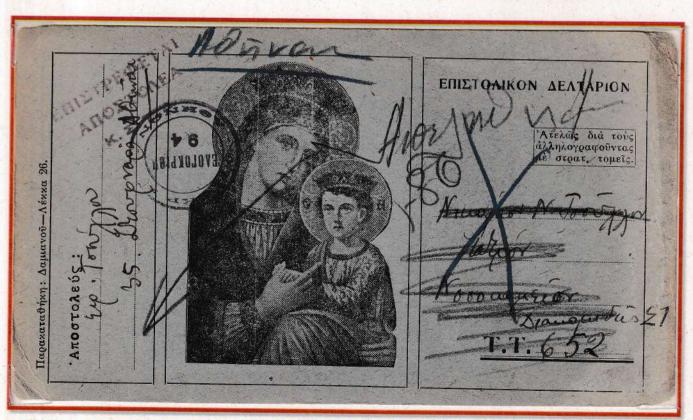
Cover from THESSALONIKI to **TT724** (**PS724-XIII Infantry Division**), via **K\SigmaT**  $\Gamma$  \* **13 10 40** (back), before the declaration of war. Hand stamped with red 3-circle pmk "**K**. $\Sigma$ .**T**.  $\Gamma$  \*  $\Gamma$ . $\Sigma$ . $\Lambda$ ." (General Military Censorship of "C" K $\Sigma$ T) and secured with printed tape "**E** $\Lambda$ **O** $\Gamma$ **OKPIO** $\Pi$ " (CENSURED). We are just after the **covert conscription**.



The deletion with black ink on the front of the cover was done by the censorship

(back side)





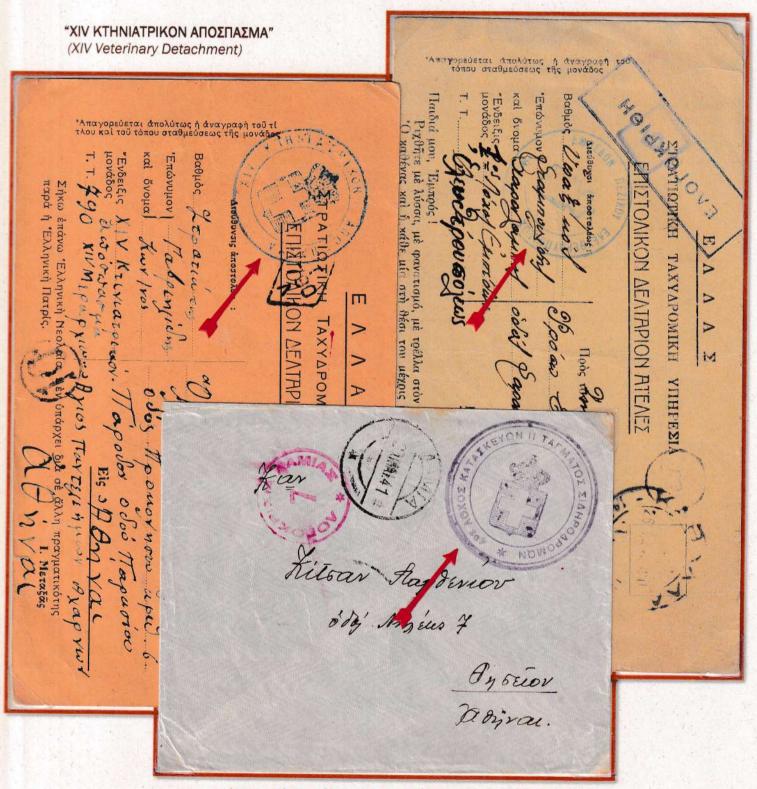
Illustrated postcard posted from Athens on 27.1.41 (back), to a military physician of the S1 Evacuation Hospital of TT652 (PS652-2nd Regulatory Center). Because the recipient had been discharged (handwritten note 'discharged', it bears a 3-line linear handstamp "EΠΙΣΤΡΕΦΕΤΑΙ / ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΕΑ / ΚΣΤ Δ" (RETURNED TO / SENDER / ΚΣΤ D).

### MILITARY UNIT CANCELLATIONS

There are two categories of military mail: That of the <u>campaign army</u>, which was circulated through the **K\SigmaTs** (mentioned above); and that of the <u>conscription army</u>, for all intents and purposes - the army within national borders. In order for soldiers in the  $2^{nd}$  category to send their mail free of charge, they used an official handstamp of their specific unit (which was prohibited in the case of the former). Thus, there exist items bearing the designations of the units themselves.

Some samples are shown below:

"EMΠΕΔΟΝ ΠΕΖΙΚΟΥ ΕΛΕΥΘΕΡΟΥΠΟΛΕΩΣ" (Infantry Training Camp of ELEFTHEROUPOLIS)



"4°ς ΛΟΧΟΣ ΚΑΤΑΣΚΕΥΩΝ ΙΙ ΤΑΓΜΑΤΟΣ ΣΙΔΗΡΟΔΡΟΜΩΝ"
(4th Construction Company, 2nd Railway Battalion)

### POSTAL SECTORS







The postal cancellations used were based around three primary types (shown above). The postal sectors should not be confused with the secret unit number, with which there was no connection. All major units, the General Staff,

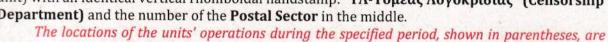
based on the research of the exhibitor

A distinguishing feature of the Military Postal Service was the introduction of Postal Sectors (TT). These were established by a directive dated 24.8.1940. which also made provisions for the creation of Central Military Post Offices (KΣT). Four Postal Sectors had been created in August of 1939, in conjunction with the official mobilization.

Each large military unit had its own Postal Sector (TT) code number that was assigned to it for the duration of the war. It was imperative that this, and not the location, be used for military correspondence. The total number of TT was 45, 42 + 3 supplementary ones as an annex, with the letter A as a suffix.

Commander-in-Chief, Military Commands, Armies, Army Corps, and Divisions had their own Postal Sector. It was essentially their post office.

Each Postal Sector (TT) had its own censorship office (for mail leaving the military unit) with an identical vertical rhomboidal handstamp: "ΤΛ-Τομέας Λογοκρισίας" (Censorship Department) and the number of the Postal Sector in the middle.





1. GENERAL HEADQURTERS (TT 461)



Military PS card from TT461 to Athens, pmk ΤΑΧ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 461 \* 20 XII 40 Censored at the Headquarters with rhomboidal TA 461 The headquarters of the Commander in-Chief was in Athens, at the Hotel Grande Bretagne

Advanced Detachment of General Headquarters (TT197) Patriotic postcard from PS197 to Athens, pmk **TAX TOMEYΣ 197 \*** 20 III 41. Censored at the Detachment

with TA 197

Παιδιά μου, "Εμπρός!

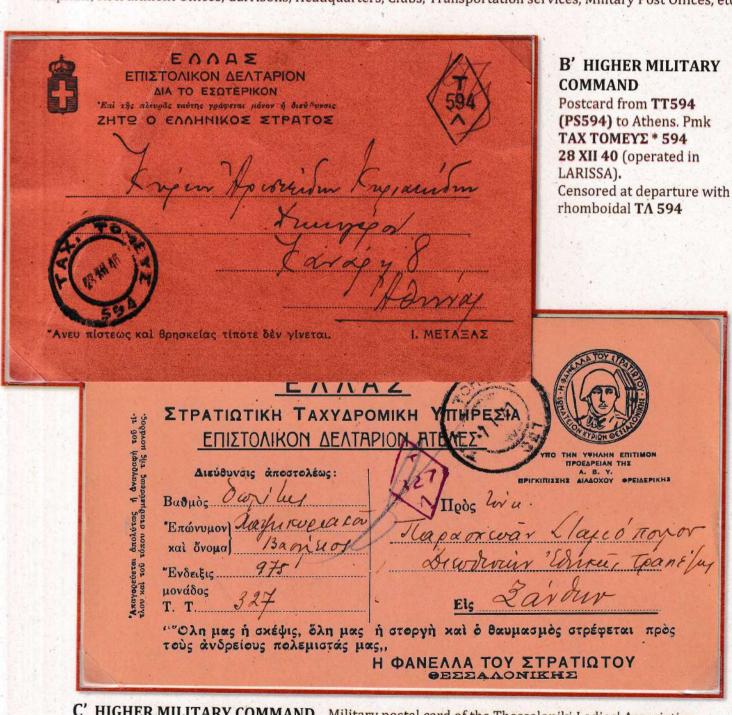
Ριχθητε μὲ λύσσα, Ο καθένας καὶ ή ;



## 2. MILITARY COMMANDS OF THE THEATER COMMANDER

	MILITARY COMMANDS with their corresponding Postal Sectors (PS)		
594	B' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND	590	A' REGULATORY CENTER
327	C' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND	652	B' REGULATORY CENTER
605	D' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND	624	C' REGULATORY CENTER
980	E' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND	312	CORFU MILITARY GARRISON
752	IPIROS BASE	231	

The MILITARY COMMANDS OF THE THEATER COMMANDER included typically staff units of their area, such as Hospitals, Recruitment Offices, Garrisons, Headquarters, Clubs, Transportation services, Military Post Offices, etc.



C' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND. Military postal card of the Thessaloniki Ladies' Association "Soldier's Sweater Association" from TT327 (PS327) to XANTHI. Pmk. TAX ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 327 \* 7 I 41. Censored at departure with a rhomboidal TΛ 327

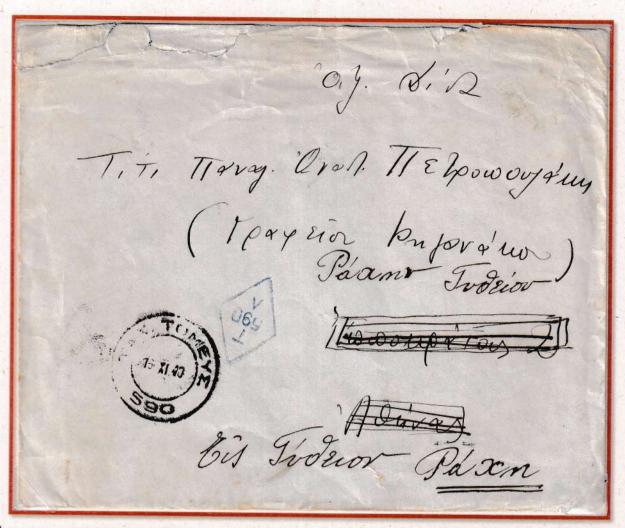


D' HIGHER MILITARY
COMMAND Cover from TT605
(PS605) to Athens, pmk TAX
TOMEYΣ 605 \* 10 XII 40.
Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 605, and later by another censor as well, with box cachet marked ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ
(CENSORED) and censor's number #1

Double military censorship



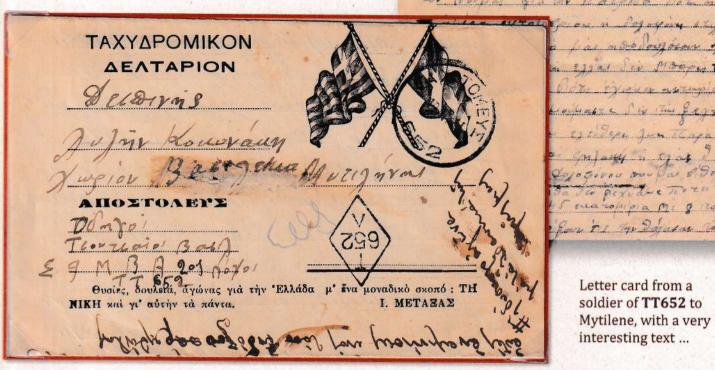
E' HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND. Letter card from TT980 (PS980) to TINOS (PIRGOS village). Pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 980 \* 30 III 41 (operated in VERIA). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 980



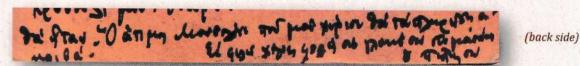
A' REGULATORY CENTER. Cover from TT590 (PS590) to GITHION/RACHI village, pmk. TAX. TOMEYΣ 590 \* 16 XI 40. Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 590



B' REGULATORY CENTER. Letter card from TT652 (PS652/Roadworks Service of the General Headquarters) to PAROS, pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 652 \* 29 III 41. Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 652.



... we go forth with our homeland in our hearts, for on the twenty-eighth of October, the murderers sent us an ultimatum asking that we agree to become their slaves. Little do they realize that Greeks will always be free - we have our history, and we remember well that better an hour of liberty than forty years of slavery and prison. Greece will show the dishonorable murderers who sunk a ship of our Greek navy (ELLI), that we remember her, that we never forget what it means to be Greek - even if there are 45 million against our 8. The 8 million will drive them back, and throw them into the sea...



... the dishonorable Mussolini who separated us will pay dearly for it ...



B' REGULATORY CENTER / SERVICE FROM THE PS (TT) Branch. Military PS card from TT652α (PS652a) to Athens Poste Restante via civilian post. Censored at departure with EAOFOKPIOH (CENSORED). Bears stamps cancelled with AΘHNA \* ΠΑΡΑΜΟΝΗ (STAY) 14 ΦΕΒ 41, due to the cover being held at the post office

(back)

16 morari The who inflored

### The 2nd REGULATORY CENTER used 2 types of censorship handstamps,

- the classic rhomboidal (TA652) and
- the two concentric circles (with a central crest), bearing the initials P. K. B. (Regulatory Center B) \*  $\Sigma$ .  $\Lambda$ . (Military Censorship)





(in front)

Carte postale, spoil of war (Albanian traditional dress) from TT652 (PS652 / Unit S12 / Light Vehicle Squadron), to KALAMATA. It lacks the TT postmark. Was written on 1.12.40. Arrival pmk, KAΛAMAI ΠΑΡΑΛΙΑ \* 7 XII 40. Censored at departure with twincircle handstamp bearing the initials PKB \* ΣΛ (B' Regulatory Center \* Military Censorship) and handwritten note "ελογοκρίθη" (censored)

Howard Modo Cinoo

Trepsa

(back side 70%)

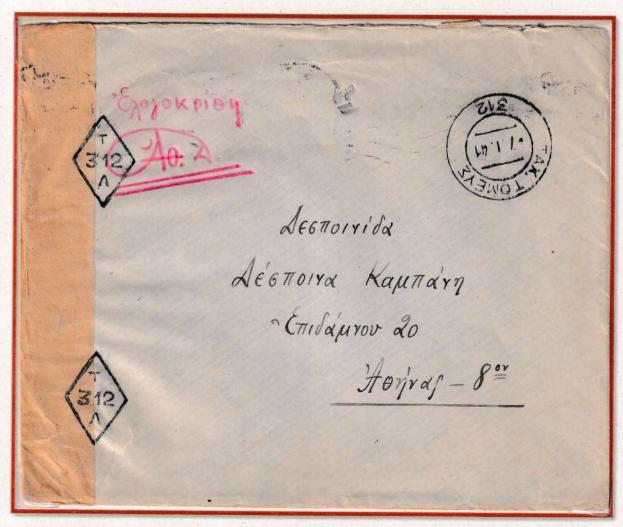
io opportunity of significant of the side of t

C' REGULATORY CENTER. Small cover from TT624/Σ2 Λόχος Διαβιβάσεων (PS624/S2 Signal Platoon) to PIRAEUS. Canc. TAX ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 624 \* 3 XII 40. Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 624





C' REGULATORY CENTER / SERVICE FROM THE PS Branch. Military PS card from TT624A /73° ΣΠ, XIV ΜΠ, (branch of PS624/23rd Infantry Regiment /XIV Infantry Division) to the 2nd Athens Military Hospital, pmk. ΤΑΧ ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 624A \* 16 III 41, (operated in ANO VRONTOU). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 624



CORFU MILITARY GARRISON. Cover from TT312 /10° ΣΠ (PS312/10<sup>th</sup> Infantry Division) to Athens, pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 312 \* 7 I 41. Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TA 312





(back side 50%)

Likewise, cover from TT 312 (PS312) with the rhomboidal censor mark TA 312 and on the back was stamped with censor's number #E1





(back side)

This unit did not use a rhomboidal cachet for its censorship, but a 3-circle one with a central crest, marked MILITARY CENSORSHIT PS752, accompanied by a rectangular cachet with the indication CENSORED

EPIRUS BASE. (operated in PREVEZA). Cover from TT 752/1°ς Λόχος Διτρόχων (PS752/1st Motorcycle Platoon) to THESSALONIKI, pmk. TAX ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 752 \* 13 III 41. Censored at departure with twin-cercle handstamp (with a central crest ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΤΤ752 (MILITARY CENSORSHIP PS752), on the back side, instead of TΛ censor mark. It also bears a linear cachet marked ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ (CENSORED). The rhomboidal handstamp TΛ 752 has not been encountered.

### 3. ARMIES

<b>ΤΣΔΜ</b> ( West Macedonia Army Sector )	Established August 1939; headquarters in KOZANI and a new post office, <b>TT960</b>
<b>ΤΣΚΜ</b> ( Central Macedonia Army Sector )	Established 6.3.41 from the XII division. Headquarters in KOZANI
TΣAM (Eastern Macedonia Army Sector)	Established 4.11.40 from Army Sector Kavala and headquartered in SERRES and from 8.2.41 onwards, with the incorporation of the 4th Army Corp, THESSALONIKI
TΣH (Epirus Army Sector)	Established 14.2.41 with headquarters IOANNINA

Note: Of the above armies, only the  $T\Sigma\Delta M$  appears to have had its own TT - Postal Sector. The remaining army sectors would most likely have their mail processed by the TTs of the units included in them.



TΣΔΜ (West Macedonia Army Sector) Military PS card from TT960 /3° Τάγμα Οδοποιών (PS960/3rd ROAD CONSTRUSTION BATTALION) to Athens, pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 960 \* 3 II 41 (operated in Korçë). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 960 and with elastic box handstamp texted ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ/CENSORED

The elastic handstamp "E $\Lambda$ O $\Gamma$ OKPIOH" (passed censorship) is found only when it comes from a unit under the direct supervision of the T $\Sigma$  $\Delta$ M.

### 4. ARMY CORPS

825	A' ARMY CORPS	ATHENS
152	B' ARMY CORPS	LARISSA
212	C' ARMY CORPS	THESSALONIKI
526	D' ARMY CORPS	KAVALA
900	E' ARMY CORPS	ALEXANDROUPOLI

Five Army Corps had been created with a previous set of mobilization plans. That is, prior to the one with which Greece entered the war (plan1939b). They underwent various changes as regards the specific units of which they were composed but remained stable in number until the end



A' ARMY CORPS
Military PS card
from TT825
(PS825) to
Athens, pmk
TAX TOMEYΣ
825 \* 22 XI 40
(VOTONOSI/6km
West of
METSOVO).
Censored at
departure with
the rhomboidal
TΛ 825.

The rhomboidal 23, refers to the Athen's postman



Likewise, a military postal card from Athens to TT825 (PS825), with arrival pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 825 \* 20 I 40; 41 by mistake, (DERVITSANI/6 km N/E of Gjirokastër). Censored at departure with twin-circle cachet ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ 164 (ATHENS CENSORSHIP,

(ATHENS CENSORSHIP, censor's number #164)



B' ARMY CORPS. Letter card from TT152/B' Κτηνιατρικό Απόσπασμα (PS152/2nd Veterinary Detachment) to FARSALA/THESSALY. Pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 152 \* 3 IV 41 (PANTELOGIA/5 km S/E of PREMETI). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 152.



C' ARMY CORPS. Postcard of "HELLENIC MOUNTAINEERING ASSOCIATION" from TT212/Τάγμα Χιονοδρόμων (PS212/ Ski Battalion) to PIRAEUS, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 212 \* 30 III 41 (Korçë). Censored at departure with TΛ 212. The #12 inside the circle cachet refers to the PIRAEUS postman



... for gloves

The "HELLENIC
MOUNTAINEERING
ASSOCIATION" had a
wool distribution
service for women
volunteers to knit
gloves, hats, socks,
etc. for the needs of
the soldiers



(in front)

... for socks

ΠΑΡΕΛΗΦΘΗΣΑΝ:  Δράμισ.  »	SHACMATE VIBERTA VIEWS
»	7 20 10 No ord ord ord ord ord ord ord ord ord or
'Αθήναι 7 (Ο Παραλ) 3 / ΘΑΛ-ΙΑΙΙ Ο (Ο Παραλ)	Ser MARAMER DE MARAMER



D' ARMY CORPS. Military postal card from TT526 (PS526). Pmk TAX TOMEY  $\Sigma$  526 \* 23 II 41. On February 8, 1941, the Corps was dissolved and its incorporation into the T.  $\Sigma$ . A.M. (THESSALONIKI). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal T $\Lambda$  526



E' ARMY CORPS/of ALBANIA. Cover from TT900/ΣΥΓΚΡΟΤΗΜΑ "Κ"/Μονάδα 1139: Διοίκηση. (PS900/GROUP "K"/Unit 1139: COMMAND), to Athens. Pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 900 \* 12 XII 40 (POPTSISTI/ 10km N/W of MOSCOPOLIS). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 900. Secured with resealing tape ribbon marked ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ (CENSORED)

### 5. DIVISION UNITS

DIVI	DIVISIONS (with the allocated numbers of their postal sectors and the initial Command Posts a the outbreak of the war)			
395	I INFANTRY DIVISION - LARISSA	901	XII INFANTRY DIVISION - KOMOTINI	
850	II INFANTRY DIVISION - AOHNA	724	XIII INFANTRY DIVISION - ALEXANDROUPOLIS	
912	III INFANTRY DIVISION - PATRAS	790	XIV INFANTRY DIVISION - XANTHI	
161	IV INFANTRY DIVISION - NAFPLION	518	XV INFANTRY DIVISION - FLORINA	
866	V INFANTRY DIVISION - CHANIA	490	XVI INFANTRY DIVISION - LAMIA	
415	VI INFANTRY DIVISION - SERRES	251	XVII INFANTRY DIVISION - THESSALONIKI	
732	VII INFANTRY DIVISION - DRAMA	693	XVIII INFANTRY DIVISION - VIRONIA/SERRES	
712	VIII INFANTRY DIVISION - IOANNINA	927	XIX MECHANIZED INFANTRY DIVISION-ATHEN	
520	IX INFANTRY DIVISION - KASTORIA	145	XX INFANTRY DIVISION - SCOPIA/FLORINA	
345	X INFANTRY DIVISION - VERIA	294	GROUP OF INFANTRY DIVISIONS / TSAM - SIDIROKASTRO	
235	XI MEPAPXIA NEZIKOY -THESSALONIKI	972	CAVALRY DIVISION - THESSALONIKI	

To the initially 14 Divisions of the 1939 Mobilization Plan, the additional Divisions were added:

- XV (on 4.11.40 was developed into a Division from the partially mobilized IV Brigade),
- XVI (on 28.10.40 from the expansion of a corresponding Brigade),
- XVII (was formed in early November),
- XVIII (was formed on 11.12.40). Received the Postal SectorTT693, initially given to the VI Border Sector
- XIX (was formed on 24.1.41),
- XX (was formed on 2.2.41).

The CAVALRY DIVISION was directly formed from the VI & XVII Divisions



I INFANTRY
DIVISION/16<sup>th</sup>
INFANTRY BRIGADE
Letter card from TT395
(PS395) to Athens,
pmk TAX TOMEYΣ
395 \* 9 IV 41
(mountain range
TREMPESINA/
ALBANIA). Censored at
departure with TΛ 395

II INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT850 (PS850) to Athens. Pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 850 \* 26 II 41 (BIG LAMPOVA/ALBANIA). Censored at departure with TΛ 850. Bears in addition a framed cachet texted "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) with censor's signature



III INFANTRY DIVISION. Postcard from TT912 /Λόχο Διαβιβάσεων (PS912/Signal Platoon), to TINOS. Pmk. TAX ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 912 \* 9 IV 41 (KOURDESI/East of CHIMARAS). Censored at departure with TΛ 912

Ο ἀποστέλλων Στρατιωτικός ἀπό Τ. Τ. τό παρόν ἀπόκομμα θὰ λαμβάνη δωρεὰν παρὰ τῆς Ἑλληνικῆς Φαρμακευτικῆς Βιομηχανίας "ΒΕΦΕ, τὰ κάτωθη εἰδικὰ διὰ τὴν ἐποχὴν τοῦ χειμωνός, προϊόντα της ΦΛΑΒΑΛ Παστίλλιες: Άμυγδα λιωδις - Γρίππη. (Πεὸς ἀποφυγὴν τοῦ δυσχεροίς τοῦ καρασισμόν).  P Ι Ν Α Λ Ρινικὴ Αλοιφή: Διὰ συνάχι και κρυολόγημα. ΠΟΝΑΛ Δισκία: Ἐπὶ πόνων πάσης φύρθως. ΦΥΤΑΛ Δισκία: Τονωτικὸν - Δυναμωτικόν. ΔΙΕΥΘΥΝΣΙΣ αποδίο Σερ
Ονοματεπώνυμον Mirrant J. Γεώργιος Μονάς gor Zirlaypa ITejinoi
T. T. 30 10//Jun T.T. 161.

The state of the s

(back)

IV INFANTRY DIVISION. Response of a postcard from TT161/80 ΣΠ (PS161/8th Infantry regiment) to Athens, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 161 \* 2 III 41 (LIMPOCHOVO/12km east of Gjirokastër). Firstly, censored upon departure with single-circle cachet ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ \* 513 (ATHENS CENSORSHIP, censor #513), handstamp 19 ΦΕΒ 1941 and subsequently upon his return from the unit (sending of a reply) with censor mark TΛ 161



V INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT866 (PS866) to ATHENS, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 866 \* 18 III 41 (mountain range TREBESINA/ALBANIA). Censored at departure with linear handstamp marked ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ (CENSORED) and censor's signature

and a con as hange for them by a con a con

# 10-1-41 Franskov Moderna

(on back side)

... dear daddy I will do my best to knit the scarf as fast as I can ...



#### VI INFANTRY DIVISION

Illustrated postcard from Athens to TT415 (PS415). Upon arrival pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 415 \* 16.1.41 (SIDIROKASTRO). Censored at departure with twin-circle cachet ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ 131 (ATHENS CENSORCHIP, censor's number #131)

On the front of the postcard ... VICTORS, we will throw the Italians into the sea...



Γράφετε καθαρά την διεύθυνσιν τῶν ἐπιστολῶν σας πρὸς στρατιωτικούς, οἱ ὁποῖοι ἐξυπηρετοῦνται ἀπὸ ταχ. τομέα.

Μὴ θέτετε χοήματα ἐντὸς τῶν ἐπιστολῶν σας διότι τοῦτο ἀπαγορεύεται. Έχετε εἰς τὴν διάθεσίν σας πρὸς τοῦτο τὰς ταχυδρομικὰς ἐπιταγάς. Αὐτὰς νὰ χρησιμοποιῆτε ἀπολύτως.

Μή γράφετε εἶς τὰς ἐπιστολάς σας εἰδήσεις ἢ πληροφορίας στρατιωτικῆς φύσεως. Τὸ περιεχόμενον αὐτῶν δέον νὰ εἶναι αὐστηρῶς ἰδιωτικῆς φύσεως.



VII INFANTRY DIVISION. Cover from TT732/25ο ΣΠ-Λόχος Όλμων (PS732/25th Infantry Regiment-Mortar Company) to Athens. Pmk. TAX TOMEYΣ 732 \* 16 II 41 (TOULOUMPAR/DRAMA). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TΛ 732

Inside the letter, the above censorship note was found, placed by the military censorship with instructions for the senders of the letters

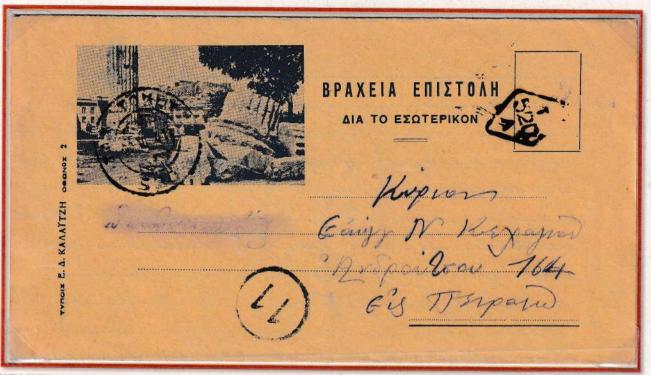


Likewise, postcard from TT732/22ο Τάγμα (PS32/22nd Battalion) to TINOS (TRIANTAROS village), pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 732 \* 29 III 41 (DRAMA). Censored at departure with TΛ 732

Unusual depiction (... of Western-style mentality...) for a Greek-Italian war postcard!!!

ΕΛΛΑΣ ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΉ ΤΑΧΥΑΡΟΜΙΚΉ ΥΙΙΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΆΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ		
Αιεύθυνοις ἀποστολέως:  Ποὸς τὸν  Ποὸς τὸν  Τὸ σύνθημά του Νεολαία της  Ελλάδος, είναι: ΠΙΣΤΙΣ-ΑΓΩΝ-ΝΙΚΗ.		
I. METAΞΑΣ		

VIII INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT712/Τάγμα Κονίτσης (PS712/KONITSA Battalion) to KRESTENA-ILIA region, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 712 \* 1 IV 41 (KARDIKI/ALBANIA). Censored at departure with TΛ 712



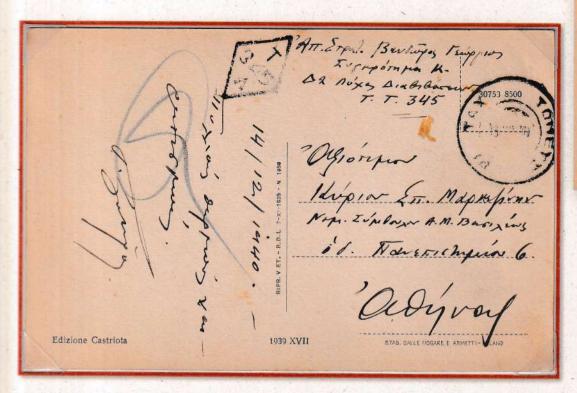
IX INFANTRY DIVISION. Letter card from TT520/32° ΣΠ (PS520/32nd Infantry Regiment) to PIRAEUS, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 520 \* 22 III 41 (OSNATI/POGRADEC-ALBANIA). Censored at departure with TΛ 520

... people are preparing to face tomorrow's enemy with a determination born from the war, and with the knowledge that the only remaining choice is death or victory....



Likewise, patriotic postcard from Athens to TT520/27° ΣΠ-Λόχος Χιονοδρόμων (PS520/27th Infantry Regiment-Mountain Ski Company), on 10 3.41 on the back of the postcard, (PRENISTA/ARTA). Censored with faint single-circle handstamp of Athens civil censorship.

Recipient Hieropaid (Holy) Eleftherios

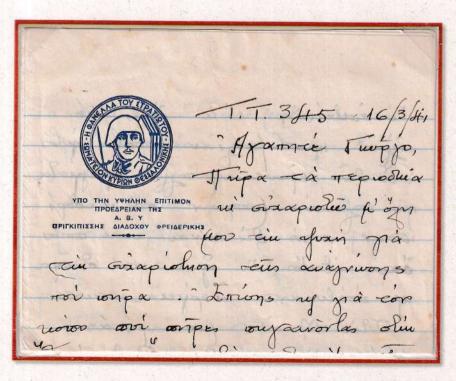




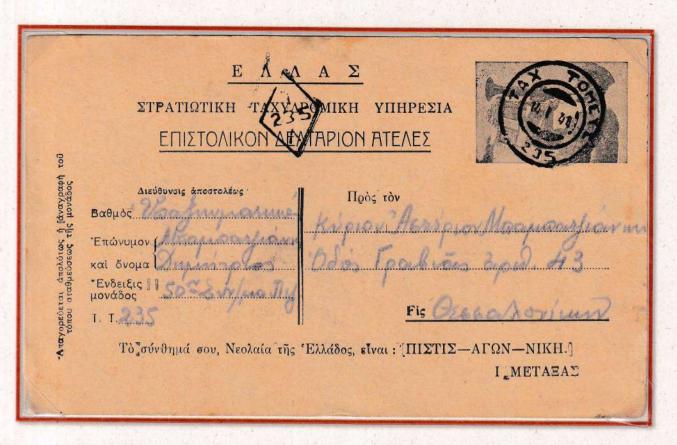
(in front 50%)

X INFANTRY DIVISION (GROUP "K"). Picture postcard (Traditional Albanian Costume), spoil of war in Albania from TT345 (PS345) to Athens, pmk TAX TOMEYE 345 \* 15 XII 40 (GRAMPOVA, N/W of MOSCHOPOLIS). Censored at departure with the T $\Lambda$  345 and censor's signature

The "10th INFANTRY DIVISION" was organically part of the Ε΄ΣΣ (Ε΄ Army Corps) until March 5, 1941, which until December 15, 1940, was called ΣΥΓΚΡΟΤΗΜΑ "Κ" (GROUP 'K')



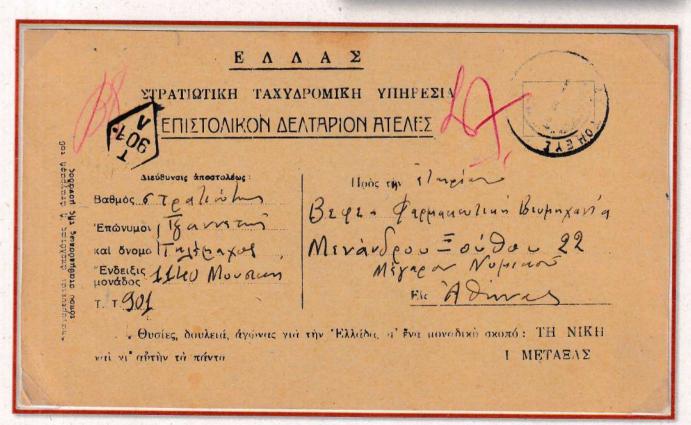
Internal letter from **TT345**, with the **logo** of the Thessaloniki Ladies' Association "Soldier's Sweater Association", stationery provided to soldiers for their correspondence.



XI INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT235/50ο Σύνταγμα Πεζικού (PS235/50<sup>th</sup> Infantry Regiment) to THESSALONIKI. Pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 235 \* 14 I 41 (KLEISOURA). Censored at departure with the TΛ 235

(back)

12/3/1941 T.T. 901 Moris 2140 Morrais



XII INFANTRY DIVISION /TSKM. Military PS card from TT901/Mov $\alpha\delta\alpha$  1140 (PS901/1140 Unit) posted on 12.3.41 (on the back), (SOFOULAR/16 km N/E of KOZANI), to Athens Pmk TAX TOMEYE (Illegible postmark). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal TA 901

The assignment of the XII INFANTRY DIVISION to the TSKM was made on March 6, 1941, from Thrace; until then it was called /TRACE



XIII INFANTRY DIVISION. Postcard from TT724/XIII Απόσπασμα Επιμελητείας (PS724/XIII Logistics Excerpt) to SAMOS. Pmk TAX. ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 724 \* 12 III 41 (GRAMPOVITSA, village in the region of Korçë)... Censored at departure with the TΛ 724



XIV INFANTRY DIVISION. Letter card from TT790/Διοίκησις Μηχανικού (PS790/ Engineering Command) to PIRAEUS. Pmk TAX. ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 790 \* 25 III 41 (SIDIROKASTRO/SERRES).

Censored at departure with the TΛ 790

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΤΑΧΥΔΙΟΜΙΚΉ, ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ  ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΡΡΟΝ ΕΤΕΛΕΣ  Διεύθυνσι ἀποστελέως:  Προς τὰν  Καὶ δνομα Ισιροί  Εκώνυμον Ματινοί  Ενδειξις Αλιμα 3 Αμμα  Ευδισυ δ  Εὶς Ω Διιν αλ  Εἰς Ω Διιν αλ  Εἰς Ω Διιν αλ
Ριχθῆτε μὲ λύσσα, μὲ φανατισμό, μὲ τοέλλα στὸν ἀγῶνα. Ὁ καθένας καὶ ἡ κάθε μία στὴ θέσι του μέχοις ἐσχάτων. Ι. ΜΕΤΑΞΑΣ
The part of the control of the contr

XV INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT518/28° Σύνταγμα (PS518/28th Infantry Regiment) to Athens. Pmk TAX. TOMEY  $\Sigma$  518 \* 18 II 41 (Spii Bekiares/Albania). Censored at departure with T $\Lambda$  518 Variation of the circular stamp with an inverted date band



XVI INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT490/XVI Κτηνιατρικόν Απόσπασμα (PS490/XVI Veterinary Detachment) to Athens. Pmk TAX. TOMEYΣ 490 \*??? (17.1.41 on the back), (SCOPIA/6 km south of FLORINA). Censored at departure with TA490. The single-circle cachet with #14 refers to the postman

2.2. 4902,12 lange on 1941

ΕΛΛΑΣ  ΜΕΙΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΤΑΧΥΑΡΟΜΙΚΗ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ  ΜΕΙ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΑΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΑΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ  Βαθμός Μυμιμια Επώνυμος Γαριμίας:  Επώνυμος Γαριμίας Τη Αμίδρας Η Βαριμονός Και δυομα Η Επώνυμος  Ενδειξις Χνιι Ομας Διαριρίους  Τ. Τ. 251  Τὸ σύνθημά σου, Νεολαία τῆς Ἑλλάδος, εἶναι: ΠΙΣΤΙΣ – ΑΓΩΝ – ΝΙΚΗ.  Ι. ΜΕΤΑΞΑΣ
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XVII INFANTRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT251/XVII Ομάς Αναγνωρίσεως (PS251/XVII Reconnaissance Unit (The incorrect designation on the unit's official handstamp with the royal crest, occasionally found corrected by hand), to LARISSA. Pmk. TAX. TOMEYΣ 251 \* 5 I 41 (ZEMBLAK/10 km N/W. of Korçë). Censored at departure with TΛ 251 and additionally from the sender, Officer VARIKOPOULOS Th., with a handwritten censorship note stating "Censored by the Commander" and signature, (see prisoners of war below)



XVIII INFANTRY DIVISION / SERVICE FROM THE TT (PS) Branch. Military PS card from TT693/7 $^{1}$  ΠΕΔΙΝΗ ΠΥΡΟΒΟΛΑΡΧΙΑ (PS693/7 $^{1}$  FIELD ARTILLERY BATTERY), to Athens. Pmk TAX. TOMEYE 693 \* 3 III 41 (Defensive positions along the Struma). Censored at departure with T $\Lambda$  693 $^{A}$ , censor #1 (on the box)



XIX MECHANIZED INFANTRY DIVISION. Cover from TT927/192° Σύνταγμα (PS927/192nd Infantry Regiment) to Athens, pmk. TAX. TOMEYΣ 927 \* 17 III 41 (KATERINI/KITROS village). Censored at departure with the TΛ 927 and censor's signature. The #40 inside circle refers to the Athen's postman



XX INFANTRY DIVISION. Letter card from TT145/35° Σύνταγμα (PS145/35th Infantry Regiment) to Athens. Pmk TAX. ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 145 \* 28 III 41 (Arnisca/EDESSA). Censored at departure with the TΛ 145



GROUP OF INFANTRY DIVISIONS / TSAM. Military PS card from TT294/1°ς Λόχος (PS294/1st COMPANY) to THESSALONIKI, backstamped with faint postmark TAX. TOMEYΣ on 10.11.40 (written on the back from the sender). Censored at departure with the TΛ 294

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΉ ΤΑΧΥΔΡΟΜΙΚΉ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΆΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ
Διεύθυνσις άποστολέως:  Πρός τον Αίριστο Αίρι
Είς Αθηγαθος Τ. Τ. 97 2 το Ερειβοιμίεν εις Του, 20 Παιδιά μου, Ἐμπρός! Ριχθητε με λύσσα, με φανατισμό, με τρέλλα στὸν ἀγῶνα Μαιρντιον Το καθένας καὶ ἡ κάθε μία στὴ θέσι του μέχρις ἔσχάτων ΤΑ ΜΡΑ ΤΟ –30

CAVALRY DIVISION. Military PS card from TT972/3° Σύνταγμα Ιππικού (PS972/3rd CAVALRY Regiment) to Athens. Pmk TAX. ΤΟΜΕΥΣ 972 \* 16 III 41 (ZEMBLAK/10 km N/W of Korçë). Censored at departure with the TA 972

## **GARRISON HEADQUARTERS**

Mobilization plan 1939b, along with the ministerial decision of 13.10.1939, provided for **twelve secure locations with assigned GARRISON HEADQUARTERS.** Additional ones were created during the war.



Cover from TT152B
(Branch of PS152, which, however, did not have its own postal office). Cachet "ΦΡΟΥΡΑΡΧΕΙΟ ΓΡΕΒΕΝΩΝ" (GREVENA GARISSON) dated on 24 XI 40 (handstamp) and pmk "TAX. TOMEYΣ 152 \* 27 XI 40" (in front side). Handwritten indication "ελογοκρίθη" (censored) with censor's signature

ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΉ ΤΑΧΥΔΡΟΜΙΚΉ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΆΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ
Αιεύθυνσις ἀποστολέως:  Βαθμός αξιασμαθικώς  Επώνυμον βειβεσολοσισο  καὶ ὅνομα ξιαγγερο  "Ενδειξις β Κείβρα Κοσωνιώ  Το βορο Ορεολικώ  Εἰς Αθηνας (5) —  Ενα μοναδικὸ σκοπό: ΤΗ ΝΙΚΗ  καὶ γι' αὐτὴν τὸ πονιώ  Ενα μοναδικὸ σκοπό: ΤΗ ΝΙΚΗ

Military PS card from the **2nd Horse Riding Center** of **ARGOS ORESTIKON** (in **KASTORIA**), to Athens via civilian post, pmk. "ΑΡΓΟΣ ΟΡΕΣΤΙΚΟΥ \* 26 III 41". Bears official cachet, with a central crest marked "ΦΡΟΥΡΑΡΧΕΙΟΝ ΑΡΓΟΥΣ ΟΡΕΣΤΙΚΟΥ" (ARGOS ORESTIKON GARISSON) and linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) with censor's signature.

The mobile units for the requisition of animals, conducted requisitions in an effort to supply the campaigning army with cattle for equestrian units and transport.



2nd day of war (29.10.40)





Cover with enclosed letter from Athens to a student of the Syros Reserve Officers School "ΣΕΑΣ", canc. "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 29 X 40", 2nd DAY OF WAR. Arrival pmk "ΣΥΡΟΣ ΑΦΙΞΙΣ 2 XI 40" (on the back). Censored with a 3-circle cachet marked "ΦΡΟΥΡΑΡΧΕΙΟΝ ΣΥΡΟΥ" (GARRISON HEADQUARTER OF SYROS).

pur lugaros Trams bexare pre xugu us tur Ocooajoniums su kalary down xpellonous

within the letter: ... the boys, Kosmas, Marinos, and Yannis, were running joyfully to Thessaloniki to enlist to the army...



Military PS card from Corinth Training Center to a politician in Naxos, pmk. **"ΚΟΡΙΝΘΟΣ \*** 13 MAP 41". Censored with a 3-circle "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ KOPINOOY" (KORINTH CENSORSHIP). Bears official cachet marked "ΦΡΟΥΡΑΡΧΕΙΟΝ KOPINOOY" (KORINTH GARRISON HEADQUARTER)

### **BRITISH TROOPS IN GREECE**

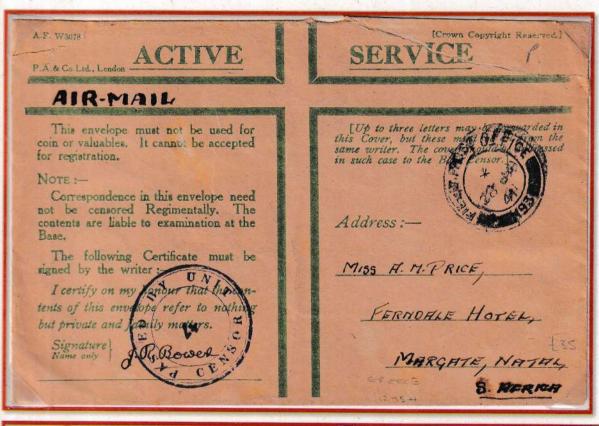
They first landed at Souda on 31 October 1940 and on mainland Greece in January and March of 1941 (named "W FORCE"). Their mail was commonly routed through BAPO 4 (BASE ARMY POST OFFICE 4) in Cairo. According to E. B. Proud, two of the F. P. O.s (Field Post Offices) given to the British forces, were #192 and #193





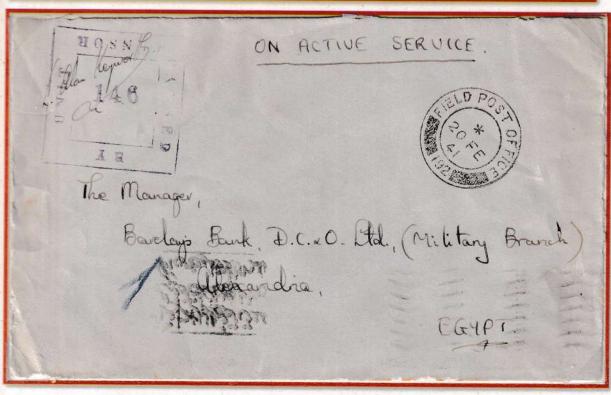
"HISTORY OF BRITISH ARMY POSTAL SERVICE VOL III"

by E. B. PROUD



Military postage-free cover from Greece, pmk. "FIELD POST OFFICE 193 \* 28 JAN 41", to S. AFRICA.

Censored in KAIRO by a unit of BAPO 4 (BASE ARMY POST OFFICE), hand stamped with 3-ring light blue handstamp marked "PASSED BY UNIT CENSOR" in outer belt and a '4' in the center

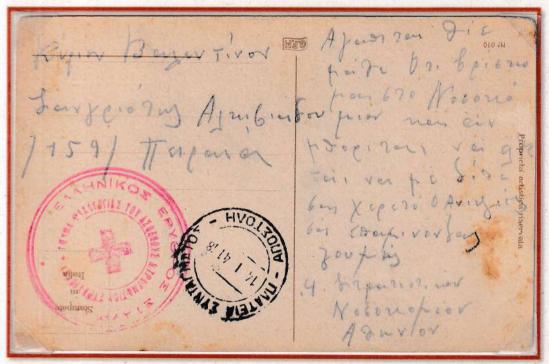


Cover from a British soldier in Greece, pmk. "FIELD POST OFFICE 192 \* 20 FE 41." to EGYPT

Censored upon arrival and hand stamped with a double frame violet handstamp marked "PASSED BY UNIT CENSOR" in outer belt and a '146' in the center

#### HOSPITALS

The mobilization plan also provided for the maintenance of the 27 existing military hospitals in cities and towns of Greece. Over the course of the war, an additional 50 hospitals and 46 operating theaters were put into use, with a total capacity of 30,000 beds. Postal items originating from these, usually included the hospital name as part of the cancellation.



Postcard from 4ο ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ (4th ATHENS MILITARY HOSPITAL - was the IPOKRATION hospital), on 14 I 41 to PIRAEUS. Bears a red 3-circle cachet "HELLENIC RED CROSS -PATIENT AND WOUNDED SOLDIER ENTERTAINMENT Dept" The contribution of the Greek Red Cross was not limited to supporting the medical service but also extended to the entertainment of the

hospitalized patients



Postcard from ATHENS to FIELD HOSPITAL of the HELLENIC RED CROSS in AGRINIO which was under the EPIRUS BASE, on 2.2.41 (back). Censored upon departure with twin-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ \* ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 148" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP/CENSORED, sensor's number #148)

The Greek Red Cross had for the medical needs of the Army 2 field surgical units, 1 Evacuation Hospital, its hospital in Athens, and its unit in Thessaloniki



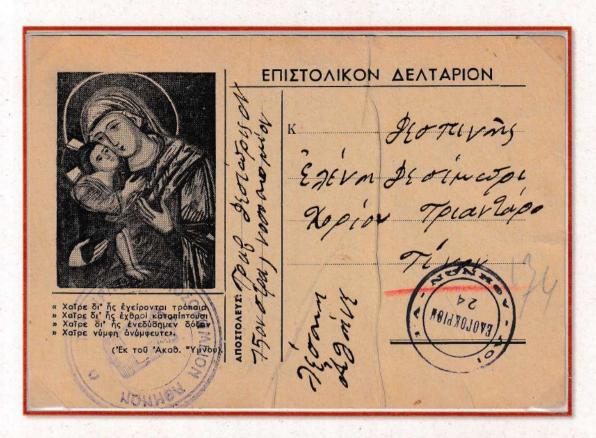


(back) part of the cover 100%



Cover from 6° ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΛΟΥΤΡΑΚΙΟΥ (6<sup>th</sup> MILITARY HOSPITAL-LOUTRAKI), pmk
"ΛΟΥΤΡΑΚΙΟΝ \* 28 ΔΕΚ 40".

Censored in LOUTRAKI with red linear handstamp texted "EAOFOKPIOH" CENSORED



Postcard from the 15° ΣΤΡΑΤΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ (15th MILITARY HOSPITAL OF ATHENS) (cachet with a central crest) to TINOS on 15.4.41 (back). Censored upon departure with 3-circle cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ \* ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 24" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP/CENSORED, sensor's number #24)

Ε Λ Λ Α Σ	
APELIA	
ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΜΑΣΥΔΡΟΜΙΚΗ ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ	
FRIETOALBON DION DIEAET	
ENIXTONIKON APPION ATENEX	
14/2/1/2	
Διεύθυνσις έποστολέως: Τυμιώδε Πρός του Και (	
11005 1000 7007	
Yourum Realisticona.	
ξυ Επωνυμον Ιπουρένη τους	
Es και ὄνομα ( Denni Las dapyair las y' Bualanpur	
ενδειξις ρο ρο	
The state of the s	
Deapar I	
Παιδιά μου, Εμπρός!	
Ριχθῆτε μὲ λύσσα, μὲ φανατισμό, μὲ τρέλλα στὸν ἄγῶνα.	
'Ο καθένας καὶ ἡ κάθε μία στὴ θέσι του μέχοις ἔσχάτων. Ι. ΜΕΤΑΞΑΣ	

Military PS card from **ΣΤΡΑΤΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΔΡΑΜΑΣ** (DRAMA MILITARY HOSPITAL) via civilian post, pmk "ΔΡΑΜΑ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 22 III 41", to Athens. Censored upon departure with twin-circle handstamp texted "ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ ΔΡΑΜΑΣ" (DRAMA CENSORSHIP Dept)



Cover from Athens to TT652 (PS 652/2nd Regulatory Center), for Σ1 ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΔΙΑΚΟΜΙΔΗΣ (S1 Evacuation Hospital), in FLORINA. Pmk "AOHNA \* 20 II 41". Censored in Athens from censor "E 143" and secured with resealing tape marked "EAAHNIKH ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ"

Cover from Σ2 NOΣOKOMEIO ΔΙΑΚΟΜΙΔΗΣ (S2 Evacuation Hospital), to Athens. Bears the official cachet of the hospital. Hand stamped with linear "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED), and censor's signature

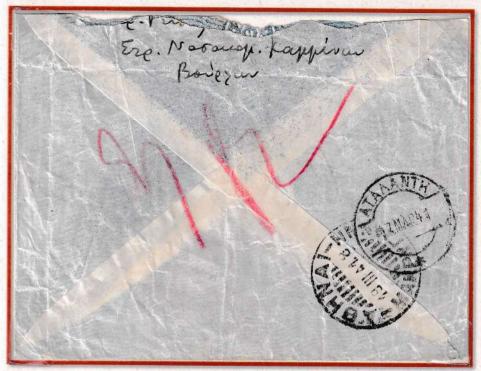
The "S2 Evacuation Hospital" operated from 15.12.40 to 9.3.41 in AMYNTAION and later was

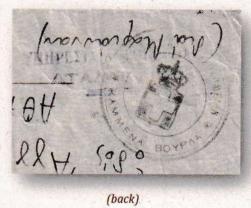


σερα θριν όζοι είναι μαρά ευτή εμών και τώ βαεί το δώ δυθως ε η ρίκος.
για τώ, μυθες λας δα εράγω του βταμαίτους να τώ στι τω του πια λαχράξο αυσ ένα
και φινοτιμι Μυτέρα Βαείχο Κυρία κοδ. ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΑΡΙΟΝ ΑΤΕΛΕΣ 20/14/41 ALEYCYNEIZ ANOETOAEQE Βαθμός Α/νυμοτιμού Two rous Επώνυμον Μαντινβα του fourt would "Ονομα Deauerigus Diminition l. 3 Nocono Hazirhu. 6. "Ενδειξις Μονάδος μείον Διοιποριεδίε! Trepdia. т. т. 194

Illustrated postcard from PIRAEUS to TT 197 (PS197/ (Advanced Detachment of the General Headquarters) to the Σ3 ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ **ΔΙΑΚΟΜΙΔΗΣ** (S3 Evacuation Hospital at IOANNINA), on 20.3.41

Censored in PIRAEUS with box seal "66-E" (censor's number)





This hospital was subordinate to the 3rd HIGHER MILITARY COMMAND

Cover of a soldier at KAMENA VOURLA MILITARY HOSPITAL to ATHENS, pmk. "ATAΛANTH \* 17 MAP 41" and 3-circle cachet with a central crest "ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟΝ ΝΟΣΟΜΕΙΟΝ \* ΚΑΜΜΕΝΑ ΒΟΥΡΛΑ" (ΚΑΜΕΝΑ VOURLA \* MILITARY HOSPITAL). Censored with 2line linear handstamp "ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ / ΑΤΑΛΑΝΤΗΣ" (ΑΤΑΛΑΝΤΙ CENSORSHIP Dept)

(on the back of the card)

Totale from to Ki Juis awo B. Mprowagy 
anatal on gring pas inas pujagn wir

E prowater awo to a accompany has altered und

... we are in the KILKIS hospital due to frostbite. We are deeply saddened that we have been separated from our beloved comrades, and especially from our dear lieutenant ...



Military PS card of KILKIS MILITARY HOSPITAL, via civilian office pmk, "ΚΙΛΚΙΣ \* 14 II 41" to a unit of TT724 (PS724-XIII Infantry Division). Censored upon departure with 3-circle (with a central crest ) cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΚΙΛΚΙΣ 10" (ΚΙLΚΙS CENSORCHIP, censor's number #10). Also bears the official cachet "ΣΤΡΑΤ. ΝΟ)ΜΕΙΟΝ ΚΙΛΚΙΣ \* ΣΤΡΑΤ. ΑΛΛΗΛΟΓΡΑΦΙΑ" (ΚΙLΚΙS MILITARY HOSPITAL \* MILITARY CORRESPONDENCE).



12.8.412/9.X11-40

(back)

Military PS card from TT712 (PS712-VIII Infantry Division), to a unit nurse of TT327 (PS327-3rd Higher Military Command) on 9 XII 40 (back) which, however, had been transferred to "ΣΤΡΑΤΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑΣ" (Military Hospital of Korçë), belonged to a unit of PS212 (C'ARMY CORPS). Censored upon departure with rhomboidal TΛ 712

Temporary military hospital of Korçë was under the GENERAL STAFF

(on the back "CENSORSHIP \* TRIPOLIS 5")



Postcard from **ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟ ΤΡΙΠΟΛΕΩΣ** (TRIPOLIS MILITARY HOSPITAL), via civilian post, pmk. ΤΡΙΠΟΛΙΣ \* 27 II 41, to ATHENS. Censored upon departure with faint twin-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΤΡΙΠΟΛΕΩΣ 5" (TRIPOLIS CENSORSHIP, sensor's number #5). Bears also 3-circle (with a central crest) cachet "**ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟΝ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟΝ ΤΡΙΠΟΛΕΩΣ**".

This hospital was established on 6-2-41



Japaphyla Steatur.

No consperies

Nouggior

(back)

Cover from an injured person in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Branch of the Military Hospital **ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟΥ ΝΟΣΟΚΟΜΕΙΟΥ NAYΠΛΙΟΥ** (NAUPLION MILITARY HOSPITAL) to CORINTH. Canc. NAYΠΛΙΟΝ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 21 III 41. Bears the official 3-circle (with a central crest) cachet "**ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΟΝ ΝΟΣΟΜΕΙΟΝ** \* **NAYΠΛΙΟΥ**". Censored upon departure with single-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ / NAYΠΛΙΟΥ" (NAUPLION / CENSORSHIP)



Postcard from PIRAEUS to a doctor of the  $12^{th}$  Medical Platoon in VOLOS on 26/3/41 (on the back). The postcard is being forwarded to the " $\Pi\Lambda\Omega TO$  NO $\Sigma$ OKOMEIO  $\PiO\Lambda IKO\Sigma$ " FLOATING HOSPITAL POLIKOS in Piraeus. Censored upon departure with a box handstamp of a Piraeus censor with number #114-E.

The Floating Hospital 'Polikos' originated from the requisitioned passenger ship 'Polikos', which had a capacity of 870 tons and accommodated 200 beds. On April 23, 1941, at the port of Corinth, it was attacked by a squadron of German aircraft, but it did not sink. However, it did not avoid sinking two days later, at the port of Poros, when it was again bombarded by German aircraft and was sunk

#### NAVAL POST OFFICES

NAVAL POSTAL SECTORS (NPS)

AΛΦA (ALPHA)	ATHENS
BHTA (BETA)	CHALKIDÁ
ΓΑΜΑ (GAMA)	THESSALONIKI
ΔΕΛΤΑ (DELTA)	PATRA

For the handling of mail, the Royal Hellenic Navy created 4 postal sectors, like those of the Army, in an equal number of cities (1 for the Ministry of Naval Affairs in Athens and 3 for major ports), that had a "letter" instead of a number. The offices were equipped with single-circle handstamps, bearing the inscription "NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ" (Naval Postal Sector) and the letter of the

office. As was the case for the army, the Navy also censored the mail of its enlisted men.

Naval units and services usually had circular but also rectangular handstamps, bearing the "NAYTIKH MONAE" (Naval Unit - NU) inscription and the unit's code number, usually for censorship control. The types of handstamps used by the units, as well as their exact locations, are not all known, as records from this period are quite scarce and the Navy's archives have been destroyed.

Samples of naval mail from various naval units are shown below:



EON (National Youth Organization) postcard from unit 4000 (green cancellation with coat of arms) of TT 850 (PS850), pmk "TAX TOMEYΣ 850 \* 7 I 41", to Naval Unit 525 (belonged to the armored cruiser AVEROF). Censored upon departure with rhomboidal TΛ 850. This mail item was handled with Naval Postal Sector BETA, pmk. NAYTIKOΣ TAX TOMEYΣ BHTA \* 1 II 41. Additionally, it bears a red 2-line handstamp used by that Naval Postal Sector for forwarding on to other naval units, in this case the component N.T.Γ. 3 (Naval Post Office 3) of the Naval Postal Sector – most likely ALPHA (not explicitly specified), which was given to the cruiser AVEROF.

<u>Note:</u> "Naval Post Offices (NPO)" were components of "Naval Postal Sectors (NPS)" and carried a distinguishing number.



Official postal card of Royal Navy from NAYTIKH MONAΣ 173 (Naval Unit 173, belonged to the Ministry of Marine), to KALAMPAKA. Handled from "NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEAΣ - ΑΛΦΑ \* 28 XII 40" (ALPHA Naval Postal Sector)



Cover from CHANIA, pmk. "XANIA ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 17 II 41", to "NAYTIKH MONAΣ 851" (NU 851- R39 Machine Gun Squad). Handled from NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ - ΓΑΜΑ \* 9 III 41 (GAMA Naval Postal Sector)



NAYTIKH MONAΣ 480, (Naval Unit 480).

A letter card, a postcard and a postal card, all with the official 3-circle handstamps of naval units (with anchorcrown) and linear handstamps CENSORED with censor's signature

NAYTIKH MONAΣ 495 (NU495)





NAYTIKH MONAΣ 286 (Naval Unit 286), belonged to the Naval Post Office 52



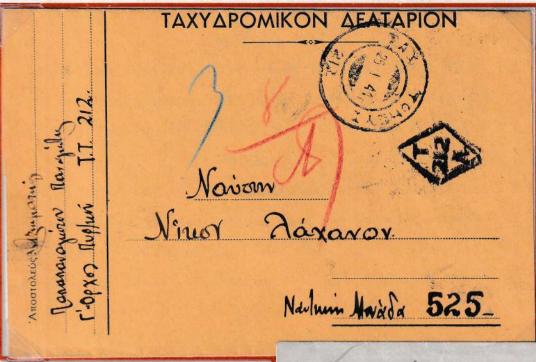
Military postal card of **Defensive Area Command D** of KAVALLA to Athens poste restante, via civilian post. Pmk. "ΚΑΒΑΛΛΑ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 4 IV 41". Bears 3-circle handstamp "ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΑΜΥΝΤΙΚΗΣ ΠΕΡΙΟΧΗΣ" (Administration of Defensive Area Command) with a central crest. Censored upon departure with a box handstamp **ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ** (CENSORED) and censor's number #1 (in a box)

In May 1940, the country was divided into **8 Defensive Area Commands** (ΔΑΠ) (A, B, C, D, E were under the corresponding Army Corps, **H** was under the VIII Division, and **Θ & I** were under the Naval Defensive Area #4 in CHALKIDA & #1 in PATRAS, respectively).



Military postal card from "ΥΕΣΑΘ" (Anti-Aircraft Defense of the Rear) of KAVALLA, to Athens on 12-3-41 (back), via civilian post of KAVALLA. Censored upon departure with single-line framed handstamp marked "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) and censor's number #1 (in a box)

The Anti-Aircraft Defense of the rear was assigned to the Navy. It thus developed an extensive system of observation posts throughout the country (a total of 595 monitoring stations), aimed at providing early warning in case of enemy aircraft. The system was called YESAO (Anti-Aircraft Defense of the Rear), and it was under the command of the  $\Delta$ A $\Pi$  commanders. Its central section was housed in an underground shelter in Lycabettus





(back)

Letter card from PS212 (C ARMY CORPS), pmk
TAX. TOMEYΣ 212 \*25 1
41 to NAVAL UNIT 525.
Censored upon departure with TΛ 212 and on arrival with pmk
"NAYTIKOΣ TAX.
TOMEYΣ ΔΕΛΤΑ" (DELTA NAVAL POSTAL SECTOR)



(back)

Cover pmk. TAX. TOMEYE 850 \*14 II 41 to Naval Unit 525. Censored in PS850 with red handwritten note of a Platoon leader of the PS and a rhomboidal cachet TA850. Also upon arrival with pmk NAYTIKOE TAX. TOMEYE BHTA \* 28 II 41 (BETA NAVAL POSTAL SECTOR). With the additional red 2-line handstamp was forwarded to the ALPHA NAVAL POSTAL SECTOR.







(back)

Cover from ATHENS pmk. AΘΗNA
ΛΕΒΙΔΟΥ 8 \* 2 II 41, to NM652/NTΓ 30
(NU 652 of NPO 30). Censored upon
departure with "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ"
#116 (ATHENS CENSORSHIP #116) and
marked resealing tape with "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ
ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP).
Upon arrival, pmk NAYTIKOΣ TAX.
TOMEYΣ BHTA \* 3 II 41 (BETA NPS) and
censored with a 2nd resealing tape marked
N.T.Γ. 3 (Naval Post Office 3)

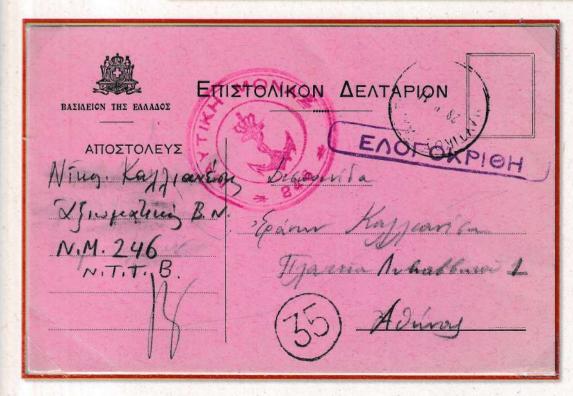


Postcard from Naval unit of "NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ AΛΦΑ \* 13 XII 40" (ALPHA NAVAL POSTAL SECTOR), to NM 213 (Naval Unit 213).

Was routed through
NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ
BHTA \* 23 XII 40 (BETA
NPS), where it was censored
with boxed 2-line linear
handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ
NAYT. MON. 213"
(CENSORSHIP Naval Unit
213). It also bears a 2<sup>nd</sup> box
cachet "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ THN
23 ΔΕΚ 1940" (CENSORED
on December 23, 1940)

Lottery for the National Fleet, ticket of the draw of December 2, 1940





Postcard from NM 246 (NU246), pmk "NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ BHTA \* 28 II 41" (BETA NPS), to Athens.

Upon departure hand stamped with the official cachet "NAYTIKH MONAΣ \*246" (NU246) and censored with a box cachet marked "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)

The circled 35 refers to Athen's postman

Envelope from a sailor of NM252 (NU252), addressed to ATHENS. Posted via NAYTIKOΣ TAX. TOMEYΣ ΓΑΜΑ \* 24 I 41 (GAMA Naval Postal Sector)

Hand stamped upon departure with a red 3-circle handstamp "NAYTIKH MONAΣ \*252" (Naval Unit 252) with a central crest and censored with a red linear handstamp, marked "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)





(back)
Bojos 28-2-1941

Patriotic postcard from the Chief of the Volos Police Station, pmk. VOLOS \* 28 II 41, addressed to NM703 (NU703), of the Air Defense Dept of ΥΕΣΑΘ. Censored upon departure with 3-circle cachet CENSORSHIP OF VOLOS (with a central crest) and censor's number #II (elastic handstamp)

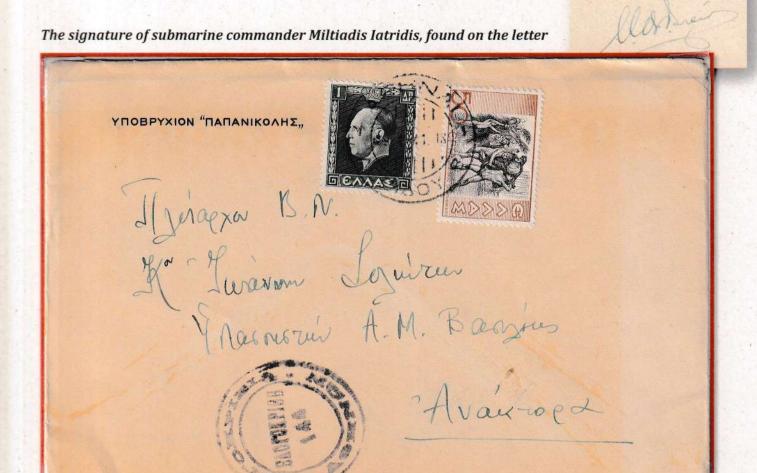
(back)

22.3-47

Postcard from NM334 (NU334) to PAROS.

Censored upon departure, with the official 3-circle cachet "AOFOKPIEIA N.T.F. 3 \* B.N." (SENSORSHIP NPO 3 \* ROYAL NAVY) and censor signature





Cover with enclosed letter from the famous **Submarine PAPANIKOLIS** posted from Athens, from the submarine captain, on 9 FEB 41 (cancellation) to the Aide-de-camp to the King Captain J. SOLIOTIS. **Censored!!!!** at the civilian post, cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ-ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 144" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP-CENSORED, censor #144)

The Submarine "PAPANIKOLIS", famous for its action during the Greco-Italian War, was built along with the "KATSONIS" in France in 1927 and had the most intense and methodical naval action in the fight against the Axis



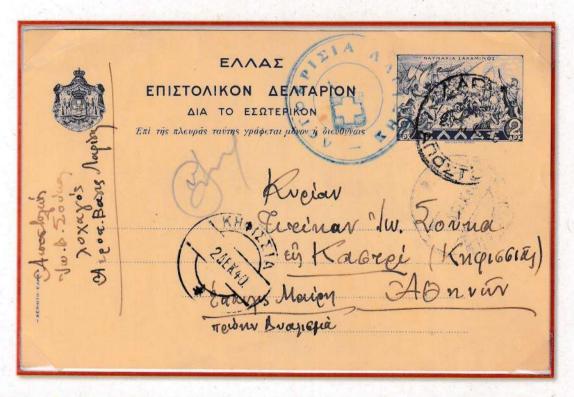
(back)

Postcard from NM 245 (NU245) on 14. 4. 41 to TINOS

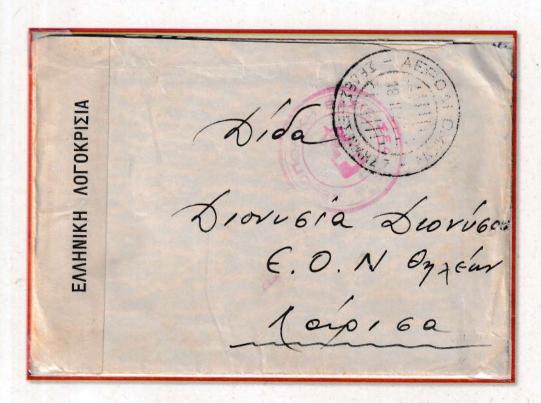
Upon arrival hand stamped with red "NAYTIKH MONAΣ 245" (NU245) Censored with red linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) with censor's signature

### **AVIATION UNITS**

Air units did not have their own post offices. They were instead, served by the post offices of other military units. The unit indication was either handwritten or hand stamped. Censorship was done by the army or the nearest civilian censorship offices.



Postcard from a Captain of **ΑΕΡΟΠΟΡΙΚΗ ΒΑΣΙΣ ΛΑΡΙΣΑΣ** (LARISSA AIR BASE), via civilian post office, pmk "ΛΑΡΙΣΑ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 29 XI 40", to KIFISSIA. Censored upon departure with a blue 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΛΑΡΙΣΗΣ" (LARISSA CENSORSHIP) and censor's signature. Arrival pmk "ΚΗΦΙΣΣΙΑ 2 ΔΕΚ 40"



Cover pmk "AEPOΔPOMION ΣΕΔΕΣ ΘΕΣ/NIKHΣ \* 18 II 41" (SEDES AIRPORT) to LARISSA. Bears a red administrative 3-circle handstamp with a central crest "AEPOΠΟΡΙΚΗ ΒΑΣΙΣ ΣΕΔΕΣ" (SEDES AIR BASE). On censorship the cover secured with printed tape, marked "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (Hellenic censorship)

The Sedes Airport is a military airport in Thermi THESSALONIKI. The airport began operations during the Balkan Wars, and its postal office on December 25, 1933

#### TRANSFER OF GREEK PILOTS IN HABBANIYA (IRAQ)

During the Greco-Italian War, 20 Greek pilots were transferred to a British Royal Air Force School (January 1941) in Habbaniya, (Iraq) for training in advance war tactics. Two months later, a second group of 16 pilots followed.

When Greece was occupied by the Germans in April 1941, the Greek pilots were transferred in Palestine, where they established the first **Hellenic Fighter Squadron**, which went on to achieve remarkable success.

(letter's copy) and for all Erw ry usorna and maruni jawasan

Letter from a Greek pilot on 15.2.41, of the **Special Flying Training School-SFTS** (**F/O** of the Greek R.A.F. No. 4 **SFTS**, **Habbaniya**, **Iraq**). Addressed to his mother in Greek, even though the delivery of letters in Greek was very slow due to censorship in Cairo. He mentions that he also sent another letter to a relative in English in order for it to arrive faster, but it never did (apparently kept by British Censorship service).

For this reason, the censor in Athens (E 70) with handwritten note says "No other letter was found besides the present one".

### **ANNEXATION OF NORTHERN EPIRUS**

The Greek counterattack into southern Albania captured KORYTSA on November 22, **DELVINO** on December 3, **AGIOI SARANTA** on December 6, and **ARGYROKASTRO** on December 8. In the territories of Northern Epirus, Greek post offices operated and postal correspondence in those areas made use of Greek stamps overprinted "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ" (HELLENIC ADMINISTRATION).

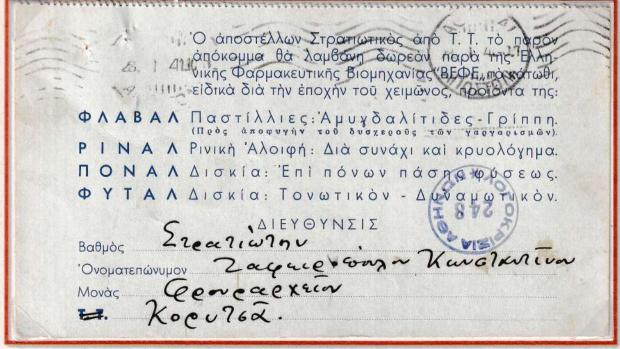
(in front 30%)



POLITICAL POST OFFICE OF KORCË

1st Day of Operation
Cover to TT 461 (PS 461
GENERAL HEADQUARTERS)
via THESSALONIKI.
Canc. "ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑ \* 25 XII
40", and censor's marking
"ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ
ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑΣ" (Hellenic
Censorship of Korçë) and
censor's signature. Arrival
pmk ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ \* 25
XII 40

The stamps have not yet been overprinted



POST OFFICE OF MILITARY KORÇË.

Reply postcard to the originally sent one. Pmk "AOHNA ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 28 I 41" to ФРОУРАРХЕЮ ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑΣ (Garrison of Korçë). Also pmk **"ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑ \* 4 ΙΙ** 41" (back) and "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ 248" (Athens Censorship, censor's number #248)

(in front 50%)





**CIVILIAN POST** OFFICE OF KORÇË Cover to ATHENS, addressed to "the secretary to the President of the Government" Canc. "KOPYTΣA \* 9 I 41". Twin-circle censor's marking "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑΣ -ЕЛОГОКРІОН 1" (KORÇË CENSORSHIP-CENSORED 1). Arrival ртк "ҮПОҮРГЕІОМ ΕΞΩΤΕΡΙΚΩΝ \* 17 I 41" (Ministry of Foreign Affairs)



MILITARY POST OFFICE
OF KORÇË
Cover from
B' XEIPOYPΓΕΙΟΝ Ε.Ε.Σ.
KOPΥΤΣΑΣ" (2nd Sickward of the Hellenic Red Cross) to
PS490. Pmk "KOPΥΤΣΑ \*
26 I 41", twin-circle censor's marking "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ
ΚΟΡΥΤΣΑΣ ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ ?"
(ΚΟRÇË CENSORSHIP-CENSORED ? ). Arrival pmk
"ΦΛΩΡΙΝΑ \* 17 I 41"



CIVILIAN POST OFFICE OF ARGYROKASTRON. Postcard from ARGYROKASTRON to ATHENS. Canc. "ΑΡΓΥΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟ \* 14 II 41" and 3-circle censor's marking "Δ)ΣΙΣ ΧΩΡ)ΚΗΣ ΑΡΓΥΡΟΚΑΣΤΡΟΥ \* ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ" (Gendarmerie of Gjirokastër - Censorship Dept).

The total value of the postage exceeds the required amount, but as the sender states on the reverse, he is sending them (along with other stamps on the reverse side) for the collection of his recipient friend!

Even in wartime, philately survives...!



CIVILIAN POST OFFICE OF AGIOI SARANTA. Cover from AGIOI SARANTA to FALIRO, canc. "ΑΓΙΟΙ ΣΑΡΑΝΤΑ \* 16 ΙΙΙ 41". Censored upon departure with boxed violet censor's marking "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΑΓ. ΣΑΡΑΝΤΑ" (CENSORSHIP of AGIOI SARANTA). Stamps are overprinted with "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ" (HELLENIC ADMINISTRATION). Arrival pmk "ΠΑΛΑΙΟΝ ΦΑΛΗΡΟΝ \* 20 ΙΙΙ 41"



(in front 60%)



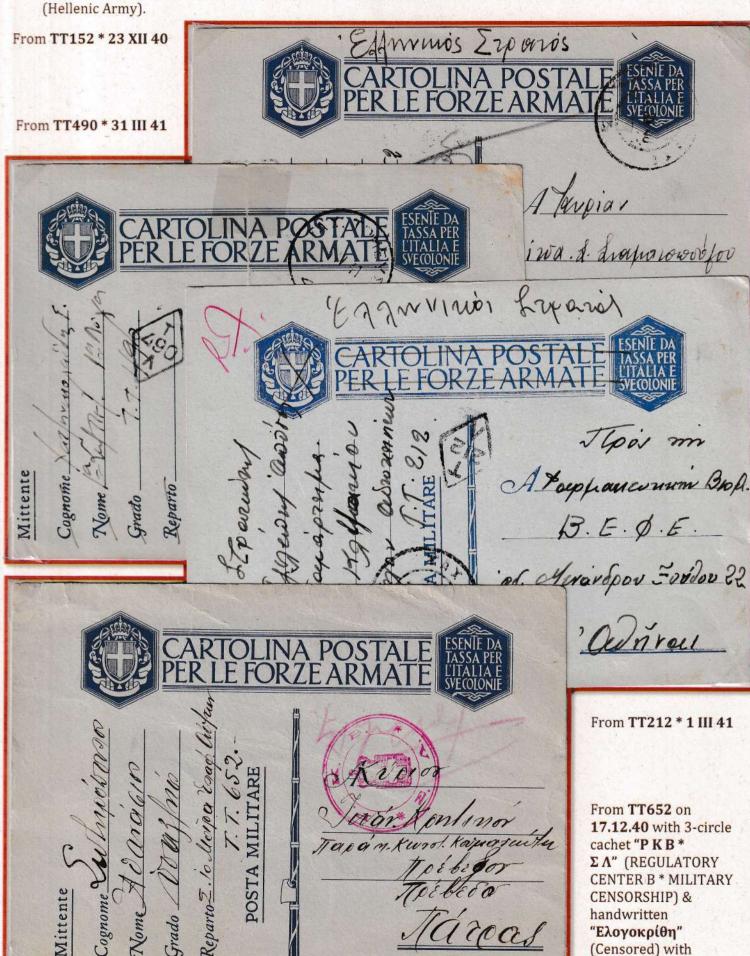
CIVILIAN POST OFFICE OF DELVINON. Cover from DELVINON to ATHENS, pmk "ΔΕΛΒΙΝΟΝ \* 14 II 41"
On the back, linear handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΔΕΛΒΙΝΟΥ" (DELVINON CENSORSHIP) with censor's signature.
The postage, overprinted with HELLENIC ADMINISTRATION, exceed the required amount; it was evidently placed for patriotic or philatelic reasons. Most probably philatelic correspondence

First day of operation of the DELVINON postal office.

Many officers and soldiers acquired the overprinted stamps as a memento of the "victorious campaign"

#### SPOILS OF WAR

The occupation of the territories of Northern Epirus yielded, among other spoils, Italian military postcards that were used by the Greek army with the Italian text deleted (or not) and replaced with " $\mathbf{E}\Lambda\Lambda\mathbf{HNIKO}\Sigma$   $\mathbf{E}\mathbf{TPATO}\Sigma$ " (Hellenic Army).



censor's signature

Italian Bersaglieri (elite infantry unit with high mobility, founded in 1836)

(50%)



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Picture postcard (Italian Bersaglieri in Albania) from TT850 (PS850\_II INFANTRY DIVISION) to ATHENS, pmk TAX TOMEYΣ 850 \* ? I 41 (defensive positions at Hill 1285, S/W of Kleisoura) Censored at departure with rhomboidal "TΛ 850"

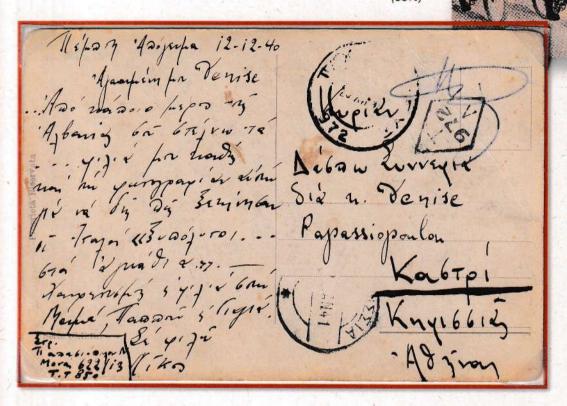
(50%)



Picture postcard (Albanian costumes) from TT712 (PS712-VIII Infantry Division) to ATHENS, pmk 'TAX TOMEYΣ 712 \* ? XII 40" (in ARGIROCHORI village, 20km N/E of Gjirokastër) Censored at departure with rhomboidal "TΛ 712"

It bears an unnecessary charity tax stamp of 50 lepta, marked with **GREEK ADMINISTRATION** (just to emphasize the annexation of Epirus)

Italian Alpini (the oldest active mountain warfare unit in the world, founded in 1872, for operations in rugged and mountainous terrain)

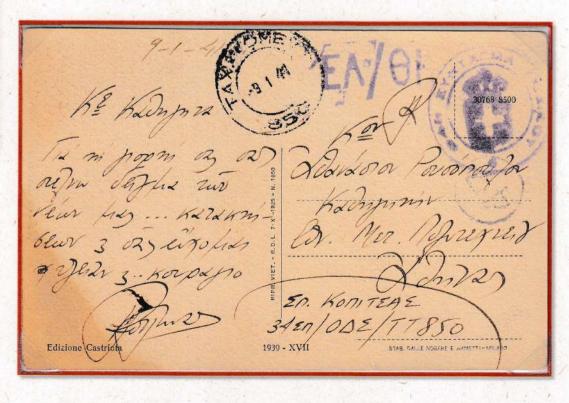


Picture postcard (Italian Alpini in Albania) from TT972 (PS972-CAVALRY Division) to KIFISIA, pmk. "TAX TOMEYΣ 972 \* 20 XII 41" (TRAPEZISTA village-Albania). Censored at departure with the rhomboidal "TA972" and censor's signature



(50%)

Picture postcard (Albanian costume) from TT850-34° ΣΠ (PS 850- II Infantry Division/34th Infantry Regiment) to ATHENS, pmk "TAX TOMEYΣ 850 \* 9 I 41" (S/W of Kleisoura-Albania). Censored at departure with "EΛ/ΘΗ" (CENSORED). Additionally, it bears the official handstamp of the Regiment.



# PRISONER OF WAR CAMPS

At the start of the war, each side detained people deemed to be a security risks – i.e. - likely to engage in espionage activities on behalf of the enemy. They were interred in specially designated areas set aside for that purpose. Soldiers captured on the battlefield were put in concentration camps. Additionally, the Italian side rounded up any enemy soldiers that it could locate, (and even after the end of the war).

Prisoners' mail was usually delayed by several weeks. From Greece to Italy, this was in the order of two to three months.

Correspondence to and from prisoners of war, concerning Greece, was postage-free.

# 1. GREEK CITIZENS OF ITALIAN ORIGIN, RESIDING IN GREECE

With the start of the war, Greece placed Greek citizens of Italian origin (called political prisoners), in specially designated areas. This was initially done in Athens (in provisional collection camp), but later in Patras as well. This practice continued until April 1941.

For the correspondence of internees in this category, the **Greek Red Cross**, following an order on December 5, 1940, from the **Ministry of Security**, issued special-colored postcards in a greenish-blue color (postcards for political prisoners of enemy countries).

	DE EPYGEORO/ETAYPOE ROUGA HELLERIQUE
EΛΛΑΣ Περιοχή: 3 GRÈCE Zone :  ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΕΥΣ - ΕΧΡΕΦΙΤΕΌΝ  'Ονοματεπώνυμον: Nom et Prénony:	Kar Mapsijjar Piror  M  O866: Rue: Valori
Words Mool/s'lh  Περιοχή: 3:  Zone:  ΕΛΛΑΣ – GRÈCE  14/1/4/	Πόλις: Ville: Axapris 32  Έπαρχ.: Province: Adniral  Χῶρα: Pays:

Official postal card of **Hellenic Red Cross** from a Greek of Italian origin, confined in the camp **No 3 (ΠΑΤΡΑ)** (PATRAS), posted on **14.1.41** to Athens. Censored in Athens with single-circle handstamp "**ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ**" with a central crest and "**E 33**" (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP, censor's number #E33)

#### 2. ITALIAN SOLDIERS CAPTIVE IN GREECE

About 22,000 Italian soldiers were captured on the Albanian front. They were initially interred in Attica and the Peloponnese, and later, on the island of Crete. The camps they were assigned to were designated 1, 2, 3, 4 for soldiers and A, B, C, D, E for officers. The Italian prisoners remained in these camps until the capitulation of Greece in April 1941, when they were released by the Germans.

mais e trapliere e thune Bettoli e Enselme

(back side 70%)



Official letter card of Prisoner Postal Service of the Hellenic Red Cross. Posted on 22.1.41 (date reference inside the letter), from Italian gunner (artigliere alpino), prisoner of war camp in Greece A (ΤΡΙΠΟΛΙΣ) (TRIPOLIS), to FAGNIGOLA AZZANO of the province of Udine. Bears single circle seal ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP), sensor's number #E116, dated on 6.2.41 (handwritten).

It also bears a three-line handstamp with the note of Greek Censorship "CENSURA ELLENICA / NEL VOSTRO INTERESSE E PER EVITARE RITARDI / SIETE BREVI E CHIARE"



1)

2)



MEL 195 TRO INTERESSE & FER EVILAGE BITANDIA DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE SANTE BREVI E CHIMAT DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PUERRE DE PRISONWIERS DE PR

Official postal card of **Prisoner Postal Service of the Hellenic Red Cross**, from Prisoner of War Camps in Greece, which were subsequently routed through the Italian Red Cross (in front, 4-line linear cachet; 3-line the second one, texted **CROCE ROSSA ITALIANA / UFFICIO PRIGIONIERI - RICERCHE / E SERVIZI CONNESSI / Via Puglie, 6 ROMA).** 

Were censored in Greece with single-circle handstamp **ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ** (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP), censor numbers #**E92**, dated on 10.2.41 (handstamp in front) and #**E27**, dated on 9.2.1941 (date reference on the back of the postcard).

On the back, they bear the three-line handstamp with the note of the Greek censorship.

- from prisoner of war camp B (ΚΑΛΑΜΑΤΑ) (KALAMATA) posted on 30.1.41 (back), to DELICETO of the province of FOGGIA. On arrival it was postmarked with a twin-circle railway cachet ROMA FERROVIA \* 15.3.41
- 2. from prisoner of war camp C (NATPA) (PATRAS) posted on 9.2.41 (back) to CELIE MESSAPICA of the province of PRINDISI. On arrival it was postmarked with a twin-circle pmk CELIE MESSAPICA PRINDISI \* 23.4.41



3)

	POSTE DES PRESIDENTE	MARKET - 12 AENTAPION CARTE POSTAI
	EANAT - GREEN	ALXIX T
	ATENES - FRANC DE PORT	Hasa Giranni
	ATTOETONEYE - EXPEDITEUR	
	'Ονοματεπώνυμον:	DIEUDUVOIS: Lentiai
4	Nom et Prénom:	Destination: OSós: Rue: Vir Roma 9
	'Ao. Alχμαλώτου 5932 No du prisonnier:	
Arti	Κέντοον Αίχμαλώτων: Δ΄ Camp de Prisonniers : Δ΄	Χώρα: Pays: Itilii  Επιοχία: Province: Bulum

Similarly postal cards of **Prisoner Postal Service of the Hellenic Red Cross** from prisoner of war camps in Greece, which were subsequently routed through the **Italian Red Cross** (the first bears the 3-line linear handstamp of the Italian Red Cross).

Were censored in Greece with single circle seal **ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ** (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP), censor numbers #**E92**, (on 17 Feb 41 with handstamp) and #**E105**, (on 14.1.41- handwritten note)

- from prisoner of war Camp No 1 (ΚΟΡΙΝΘΟΣ) (CORINTH) posted on 9.2.41 (on the back) to RAVENNA. Censored additionally in Rome, pmk COMMISSIONE PROV. DI CENSURA ROMA \* 1. No arrival postmark
- 4. from prisoner of war Camp No IV-4 (ΧΑΛΚΙΔΑ) (CHALKIS) posted on 7.1.41 (on the back) to BELLINO (PIEMONTE). On arrival was postmarked with a twin-circle railway pmk ROMA FERROVIA \* 5 II 41

Abilano 18. 12/1941 =

Opi State aprente, periode Sahorale Hay 81.

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con tente i fentanti parionero 4993

con tente i fentanti bampo higionieri Ifrum

ch'vis reinbrio 14

pacioni de Itale

la Trinchine



(in front 30%)

Illustrated postcard, sent from Milan on 18 February 1941 (with a Milan railway postmark) to an Italian Major (Caporale Maggiore) held in "I" concentration camp. The postcard was censored upon departure in Italy (circular handstamp VERIFICATO PER CENSURA #13). It also censored upon arrival in Greece, with a single-circle handstamp "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP), with a central crest and with "E 81", censor's number #E81. It also includes the usual note from Greek censorship in Italian.

The postage stamp is missing.

The prisoner camp I in Chania was established for the internment of Italian prisoners

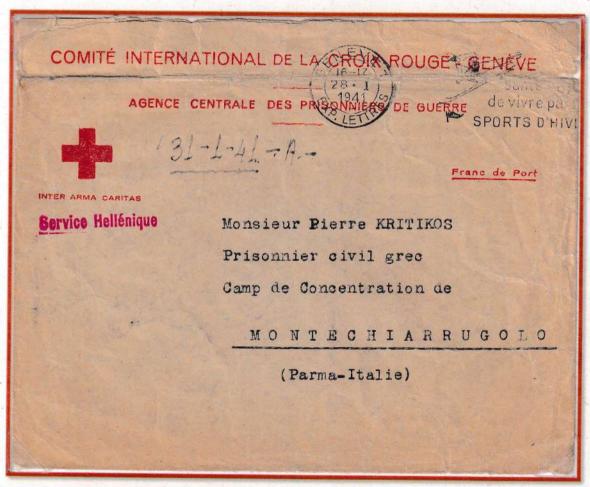


Postcard sent on 9 March 1941 (on the back) by a Greek Lieutenant serving at the "I" Prisoner of War Center in Chania, Crete, to Athens. It bears the official 3-circle handstamp in blue of the camp "I. KENTPON AIXMAΛΩΤΩΝ" with a central crest (indicating exemption from postage fees). It was handled through civilian mail and was censored with the single-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΧΑΝΙΩΝ" (CHANIA CENSORSHIP) and censor's number #4.

#### 3. GREEK CITIZENS INTERNEES IN ITALY

Greek citizens who happened to be in Italy at the beginning of the war (about 450 people, mainly students and sailors), were arrested and locked up in special facilities; they were released in September 1943, after the armistice between the Italians and the Germans.

Their correspondence, obligatory written in Italian was examined by the camp censors and was forwarded postage free.



Official cover of the International Committee of the Red Cross in Geneva, sent from Greece via the Hellenic Red Cross (Service Hellenique), to GENEVA, for a Greek citizen (P. Kritikos) imprisoned in the MONTECHIARRUGOLO Camp in Parma, Italy. Arrival in Geneva with pmk GENEVE 7/EXP LETTRES \* 28 1 41.

The cover was mailed from Geneva to Italy postage-free

(Note: Franc de port)

**Petros Kritikos**, was a crew member of a Greek merchant ship that was in an Italian port on the day the war broke out. The entire crew was detained

### 4. GREEK SOLDIERS CAPTIVE IN ITALY

There are scant records of Greek military prisoners of the Greco - Italian front, since the actual number was relatively small. Additionally, some were released by the German occupying forces, after the armistice of Italy



(front side 70%)

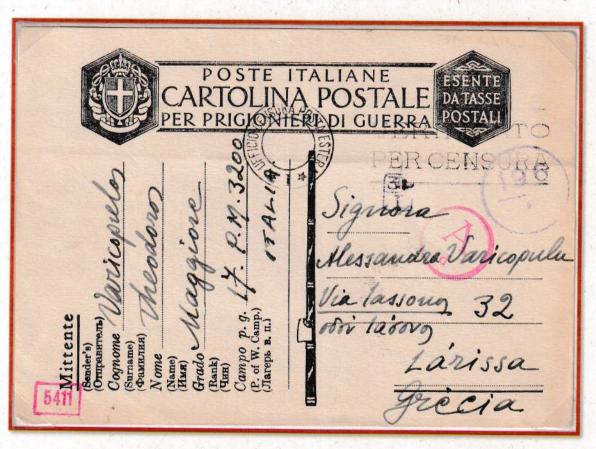


Cover from **Greek Prisoner of War** in Italy, at the Prisoner of War Camp **Fonte d'Amore** in **Sulmona** of the Abruzzo region, towards **Basel**, **Switzerland**. Routed through the **Italian Red Cross** (via Croce Rossa, handwritten in front). Censored on 3 Feb 41 (in front handstamp) with 2 twin-circle handstamps texted **UFFICIO PROVINCIALE CENSURA POSTALE #48**, with the Italian national emblem of the period (on the back) and with printed resealing tape texted "**Verificato per Censura**" from the Italian postal censorship office. Censor's number **#50** (in front inside the single-circle handstamp).

Some **Greco-Italian war Officers** were later arrested as a precaution, in order not to engage in resistance activities. Along with **teachers** and **priests**, they made up the three groups targeted for detention by the Italians. At first, they were placed in camps in Greece. Later, they were transported (via steamboat) to camps in Italy.

# their objects are on display, since they are Greco-Italian war officers

One of these was a Major **T. VARIKOPOULOS** (was previously seen as the officer sender of a postal card from the **XVII Division**). He was arrested at his home in Larissa in November of 1942, placed in the camp there and eventually transferred to a concentration camp in Italy (initially **No 55** and then **No 17**).



Italian postal card for prisoners of war (CARTOLINA POSTAL PER PRIGIONIERI DI GUERRA) of VARIKOPOULOS, sent on 1.8.43 from Camp No. 17 (REZZANELLO in PIACENZA, Lombardy/ITALY), served by Posta Militare 3200 (based in BOLOGNA), to his wife in LARISSA-Greece.

Censored by the Foreign Mail Office in Rome with twin-circle handstamp **UFFICIO CENSURA POSTA ESTERA** I (the II was in Milan) and box linear handstamp **VERIFICATO PER CENSURA**. "It also bears the fractional markings 196/I (of the censorship service in Rome) and 39/I (of censor #39 of the Rome censorship office).

The card found its way into German hands, after the September 1943 armistice when German forces took control of Rome and Northern Italy. It was then transferred to **Munich** for inspection of military mail by the authorized service "d", cancellation "Ad" and censor number #5411, before being forwarded to Greece. At the same time on the back of the card, the text was examined with a chemical blue liquid brush, 1cm wide, to highlight any encrypted message.

Major T. VARIKOPOULOS escaped to Switzerland after Italy agreed to the armistice (8.9.43) and opened its camps. He studied at the University of Geneva at least until May 45 and then returned to his home (J. Vayakis).



Italian postal card from the rescued Artillery Lieutenant Pavlos
Bouas, of the ship (CITA DI GENONA) that was torpedoed on January 21, 1943, while transporting prisoners of war from Greece to Italy (80 were rescued, 71 drowned, including Colonel K. DAVAKIS), sent on November 18, 1943, to his wife in Athens.

It was sent from Prisoner of War Camp No. #38, which was established in May 1943 for Greek detainees (near the city POPPI, province of AREZZO southeast of FLORENCE
Stamp is missing



Italian prisoner of war card of officer J. GEREOUDAKIS (with cancellations/markings similars to VARIKOPOULOS card), sent from POW camp No. 17, to his wife as well, in KASTORIA on 16.7.43 (back). The difference being that during the German advance, it was sent to VIENNA (service "g" responsible for the control of mail from/to the Balkans) where it was stamped with Oberkommando der Wehrmacht/Gepruft (7 continuous red lines as described in the book: DEUTSCHE DIENSSTELLEN G -25, page Nr. 132 by Riemer).

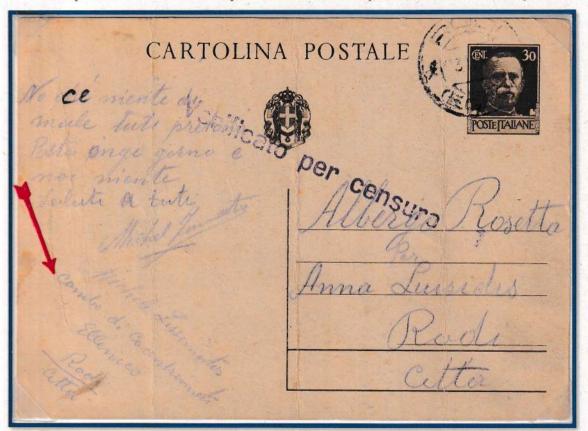
**Second Lieutenant J. GEREOUDAKIS** was taken prisoner during hostilities in ALBANIA, imprisoned in two camps in Italy (No.17 and No.55) and two in Germany **(OFLAG X** and **VIII)**. He was released and returned to Greece after May 1945 (S. Bosovitch).

# 5. DODECANESE RESIDENTS OF GREEK ORIGIN, DETAINEES IN RHODES

People living on the Dodecanese islands who were of Greek origin and/or possessed Greek citizenship prior to the Italian occupation or later came to settle in the Dodecanese from Greece, with the outbreak of the war, or perhaps even the day before, (numbering around 300 people) were arrested and placed in temporary Camps on Rhodes (firstly in tents at a camp on the moat of Rhodes-town Castle and later to the stables of the little horses for the Italian officers children).

For their correspondence with relatives, they used official Italian postal stationery cards along with a preprinted 30c Italian stamp (inland rate). The Italian language was used. (relatively rare items).

The prisoners were eventually released after the capitulation of Greece on April 27, 1941.



Italian postal card from Greek prisoner (Michel Zissimatos) in RHODES From the "Campo di concentramento Ellenico", sent in town (citta) on 23.11.40. Censored with linear handstamp "Verificato per censura".

He was released in January 1941, along with other elderly individuals, after protests about the conditions of detention

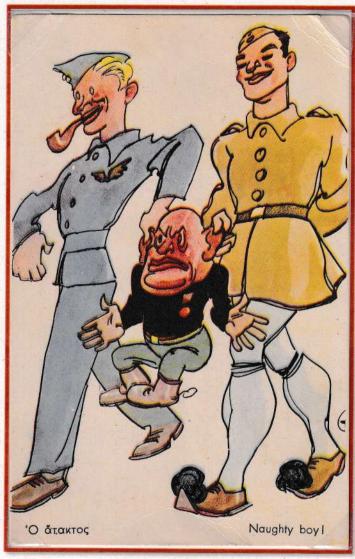


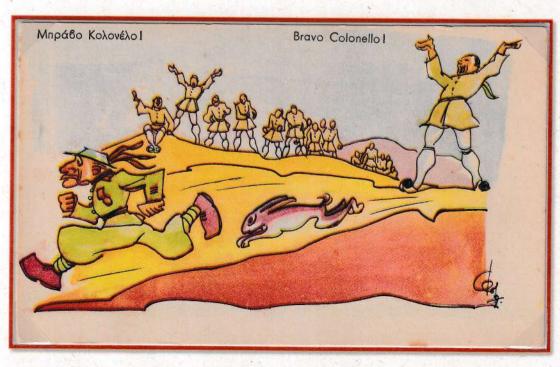
Italian postal card to the Greek prisoner, our well-known philatelist (Gerasimos. Zissimatos (son of the above), at "Campo internati Greci" in the city of Rhodes (citta), on 27.11.40. Censored with linear handstamp "Verificato per censura 6" (#6 is sensor's number).

He was released in April 1941 after the surrender of Greece

# CARDS WITH ANTI-ITALIAN HUMOROUS ILLUSTRATIONS











(back 50%)

Picture postcard from Kalavrita to Athens, pmk. "ΚΑΛΑΒΡΥΤΑ \* 20 ΦΕΒ 41" with a 3-circle cachet "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΚΑΛΑΒΡΥΤΩΝ" with a central crest and linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) with signature



(back side 40%)

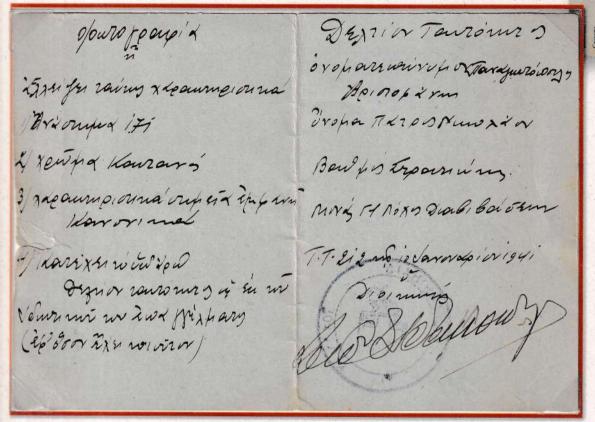
Picture postcard from
Athens to TT652 (PS652 2nd Regulatory Center) on
10.1.41 (FLORINA).
Censored with single-circle
handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ
ΑΘΗΝΩΝ & Ε 41" (ATHENS
CENSORSHIP), sensor E141





# **MILITARY IDENTIFICATION CARDS-(IDs)**

(50%)



as war spoil, used as a Hellenic military ID card with the details of a Greek soldier, in unit TT212 (PS 212/ 3rd ARMY CORPS)
Bears the unit's official twin-circle cachet "ΛΟΧΟΣ ΔΙΑΒΙΒΑΣΕΩΝ" (SIGNAL COMPANY), with a central crest.
Dated "TT212 τη 10 Ιανουαρίου 1941" (PS212 January 10, 1941), signed probably from Colonel Dimitrios Dimakopoulos,

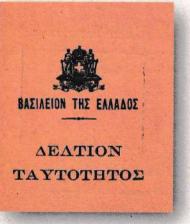
Italian military card taken

CARTOLINA POSTALE

The above highlights the immense shortage of paper that existed at that time...

(in front 70%)



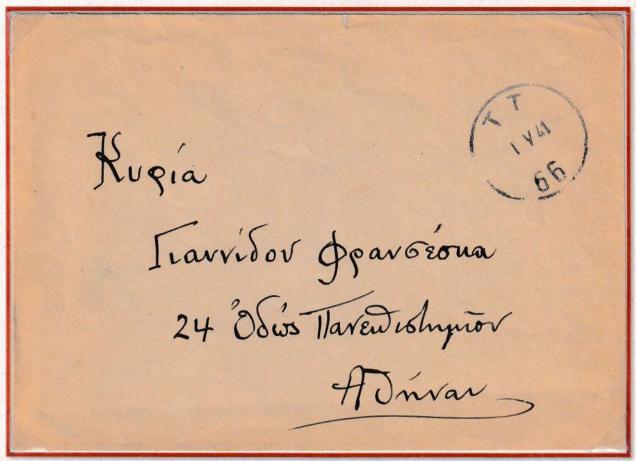


Director of Logistics

Military identity card from a unit of the XIII MΠ, (XIII Infantry Division), with holder's details & hand stamped with the unit's official 3-circle handstamp "MONAΣ\*
1390" (UNIT 1390), with a central crest

"In 724 on 29.3.1941"

# ATTENTION COUNTERFIT!!!





Forged covers that appear to have been mailed from TT66 (a non-existent Postal Sector) and from TT866, to Athens. The type of postmarks that appears on the covers are non-existent.

Note the incorrect Greek spelling designed to lend an aura of authenticity and innocence, to the forged item....

According to available information, such forgeries are of Italian provenance, and were created after the war Even this period would not escape the forgers...

# ITALIAN PROPAGANDA AERIAL LEAFLETS



The leaflets in question were dropped by the Italians from airplanes during their attacks in March 1941

"Greek soldiers!

See where your prowess has gotten you"

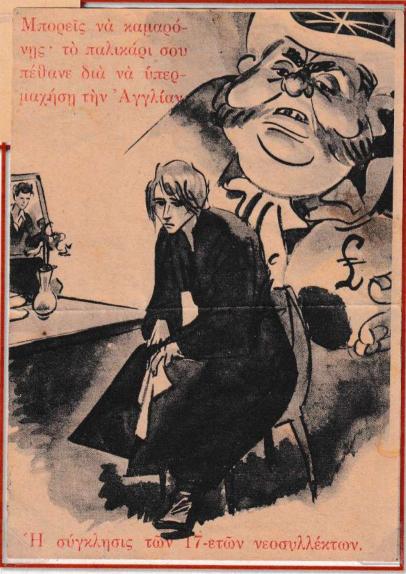
"Greek soldiers! What are you fighting for?"



"Greeks,

If you are concerned about the fate of your children, you can take comfort knowing that those of the British are well-protected by America"

"You can be proud of your lad; He died defending England"

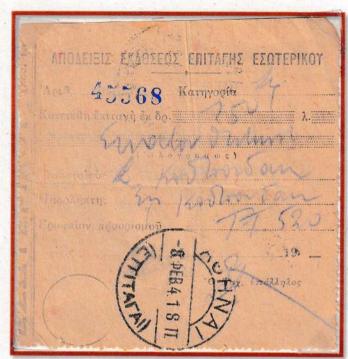


# RECEIPTS OF MILITARY POSTAL ORDERS

From TT251 (XVII M.Π.) - PS251 (XVII Infantry Division), to THESSALONIKI on 24.II.41

From ATHENS to **TT520 (IX M.II.)** - PS520 (IX Infantry Division) on 8 FEB 41





Σήμερον ἐκεῖνος ποὺ θὰ παρουσιασθῆ εἰς τὴν Διούκησιν διὰ νὰ ζητήση τὸ δίκαιόν του, θὰ εἰναι βέβαιος ὅτι θὰ ἀκουσθῆ οἰοσδήποτε καὶ ἄν εἰναι, πλούσιος ἡ πτωχός, μεγάλος ἡ μικρός.

I. METARA

Όλη ή Έλλας πρέπει να μεταδληθή «

ενα τεράστιον άγροτικον στρατόπεδον.

I. METARAX

On their reverse side, these receipts, both during the war and later, with various propaganda slogans of I.
METAXA

Άποτείνομαι πρὸς δλους τοὺς Έλληνας, ἀπὸ τοῦ πρώτου μέχρι τοῦ τελευταίου, ἀπὸ τοῦ ἀστοῦ μέχρι τοῦ ἀγρότου
καὶ τοῦ ἐργάτου, καὶ σᾶς καλῶ ὅλους
νὰ ἐργασθῆτε μὲ ὅλην τὴν δύναμίν σας δτα
τὸ μέγα ἔργον τῆς ἐθνικῆς μας ἀναγεννήσεως

1. METAEAS

# CONTROL of CIVILIAN POSTAL CORRESPONDENCE

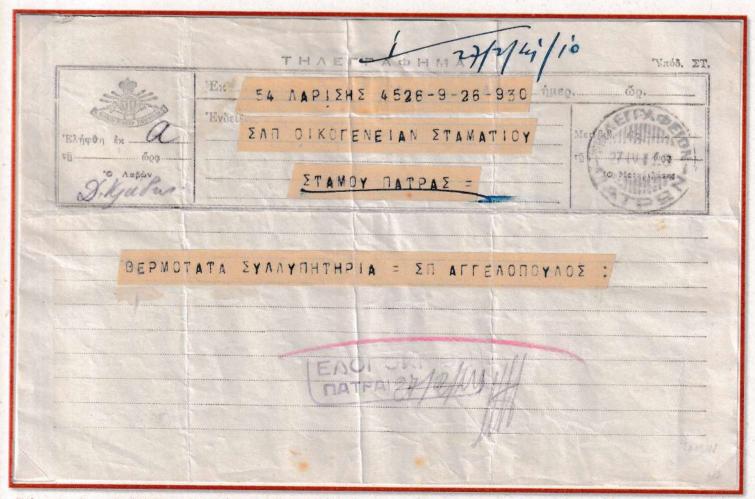
1. TELEGRAM CENSORCHIP



Telegram from Istanbul to the Athens branch of the Salonica Bank, dated 13 January 1941 (written on telegram). Arrival in Athens, pmk "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΤΗΛΕΓΡΑΦΕΙΟΝ \* 14 Ι 07:30" (ATHENS TELEGRAPHIC OFFICE). Censored upon arrival with a violet single-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP) with censor's signature inside.

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DANALI STH	Σ THAΦEL EXQO ΩΣ AHANTHZ <b>/</b> Ω BIPTINIA		ENABATE XP	ATAMH
*Mr U. BELLAS	ZARASE ZARASE ZARASE ZARASE	62.	(	

Telegram from **CHIOS** on **28 XI 40** to PIRAEUS. Telegrams were first processed through the Athens Telegraph Office. There was censored with single-circle red handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΑΘΗΝΩΝ" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP). Arrival in Piraeus, hand stamped "ΠΕΙΡΑΙΕΥΣ – ΤΗΛ. κ ΤΗΛΕΦ. ΚΕΝΤΡΟΝ \* **29 XI 40**" (PIRAEUS - Central Telegraph and Telephone Center) and with 2-line linear handstamp "ΕΛΗΦΘΗ εξ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ" (RECEIVED from ATHENS) with the arrival hour also



Telegram from LARISSA on 26 II 41 to PATRAS. Upon arrival, pmk "ΤΗΛΕΓΡΑΦΕΙΟΝ ΠΑΤΡΩΝ \* 27 IV" (Patras Telegraph Office 27 IV (IV instead of II) where was censored with violet 2-line linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ ΠΑΤΡΑΙ 27/2/41" (CENSORED PATRAS 27.2.41)

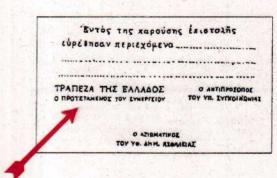
43 =	THREFPASHMA O THREE ANAKTOPAN: 19 10 6. 141
EAP. 50 TA- 18 SP	TAOTAPXON NIKOTΣΑΡΑΝ ΣΥΡΟΝ
ελήφθη ἐκ τῦ ΄ Ο Λαβών	1 -αος. 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
- ATAN SYCKEKT	NHWENOΣ EYXAPIΣΤΩ ΘΕΡΜΩΣ ANTINAYAPXOΣ ΙΩΑΝΝΙΔΗΣ:
The Control of Control	pastino nel militario del composito del comp

Telegram from the **PALACE TELEGRAPH OFFICE** (of the Vice Admiral IOANNIDIS) on January 7, 1941 to **SYROS**. Censored in SYROS with red 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΣΥΡΟΥ / ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 10" (SYROS CENSORSHIP / CENSORED, sensor's number #10).

Vice Admiral Pericles Ioannidis, during the National Schism, sided with the King. Due to his political beliefs, he was imprisoned until 1920. After the fall of Venizelos, he participated in the Asia Minor Campaign. In 1922, he retired from active service, but in 1935, he was reinstated and, in the same year, retired from the Hellenic Navy while receiving the title of Vice Admiral. He married Princess Maria of Greece and Denmark, daughter of George I. After the war, in 1947, he received the Dodecanese as a representative of Greece from the Allies and was appointed military governor of the Dodecanese.

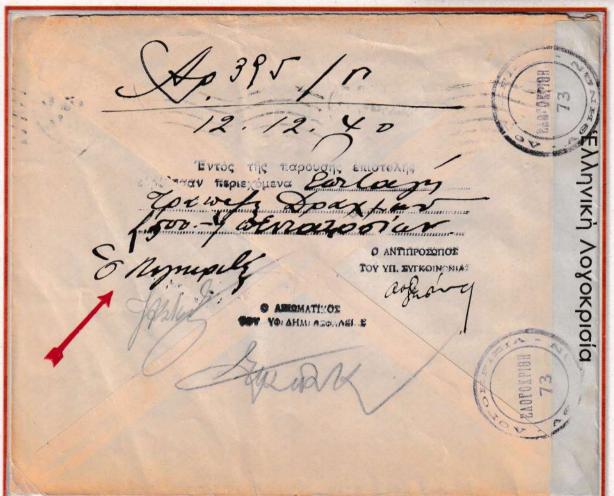
#### FINDING VALUE ITEMS DURING CENSORSHIP

(front side 50%)



Initial handstamp type

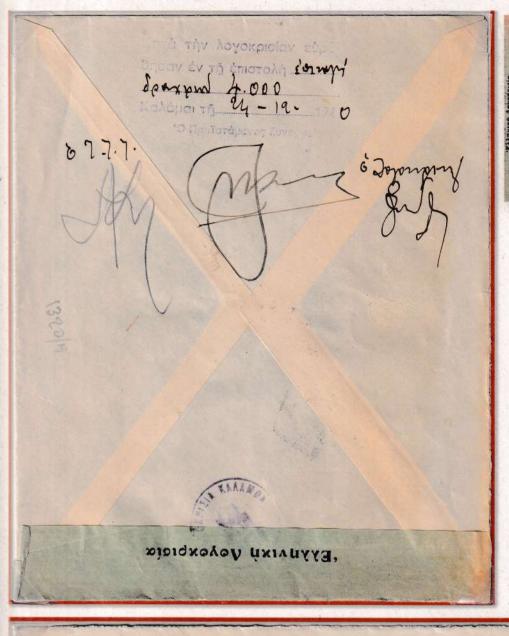




Commercial intown cover, arrival pmk "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΑΦΙΞΙΣ \* 11 XII 40". Opened for censorship control (singlecircle cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ 322" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP, censor's number #322) - in front -, a National Bank cheque for 500 dr was found inside. This result was handwritten in pencil on the front of the envelope as well as on the back, replacing part of the specialized handstamp for exchange control used until then, with a handwritten note, and signed by "The Censor" (see below).

Afterward, it was forwarded to another censorship committee, maybe specialized in values items, tied with two violet twin-circle handstamps "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ \* ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 73" (ATHENS CENSORCHIP \* CENSORED, sensor's number #73), on "Ελληνική Λογοκρισία" (Hellenic Censorship) marked resealing tape. The #32 inside the circle refers to the Athen's postman.

Note: This handstamp was used by the BANK OF GREECE during foreign exchange control from 1936 to 1941, which was modified/'scratched out' the inscription BANK OF GREECE/THE HEAD OF THE TEAM, to write manually on the envelope 'The Censor', as it pertains to a censorship inspection.





Commercial cover from KALAMATA to ATHENS, canc. "ΚΑΛΑΜΑΙ \* 24 ΔΕΚ 40" with resealing adhesive tape marked "Ελληνική Λογοκρισία" (Hellenic Censorship) and single-circle handstamp with a central crest "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΚΑΛΑΜΩΝ" (ΚΑLΑΜΑΙ CENSORCHIP). The #27 refers to the Athen's postman

Cachet: During censorship, a check was found... etc. Signed by the parties involved with a special censorship/exchange handstamp

(30%)



Commercial cover from THIVAI to ATHENS, canc. "OHBAI \* 25 IAN 41", and single-circle cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ OHBΩΝ 2" (THIVAI CENSORCHIP, censor's number #2)

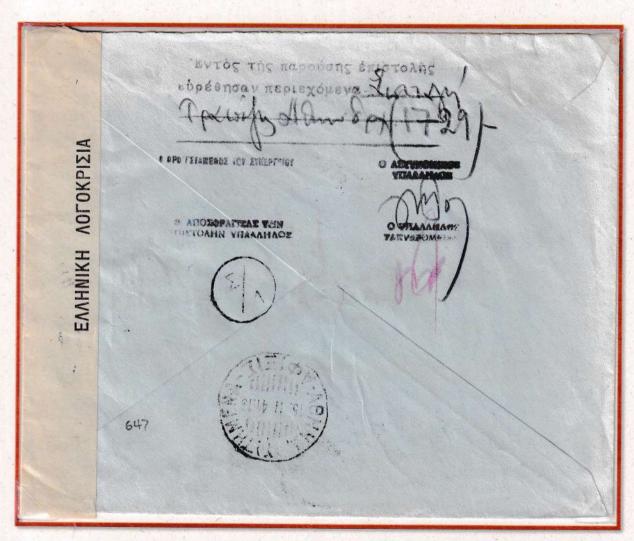
There is a handwritten note about finding a check of Bank of Athens for a substantial amount (apparently, they didn't have yet a handstamp in this office) and handed over to the Postal Officer in charge (reverse).

The rhomboidal #22 refers to the Athen's

Labi lin' jognessien en un what cover de work them his sex study and my arin (18 ord) g vapisch with app som towns: i vappy a stati was with ile Orders he 25/1/4/



(front 50%)



Registered cover from Volos Branch of the Bank of Athens, to ATHENS. Canc. "BO $\Lambda$ 0 $\Sigma$ \* 11 II 41" added with black printed framed oblong registry label " $\Sigma$  / 1584". Forwarded to VOLOS Censorship Service, tied with small cachet " $\Lambda$ 0 $\Gamma$ 0KPI $\Sigma$ IA - BO $\Lambda$ 0Y" (VOLOS CENSORSHIP) in outer belt around crest centrally on "E $\Lambda$  $\Lambda$ HNIKH  $\Lambda$ 0 $\Gamma$ 0KPI $\Sigma$ IA" (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP) printed resealing tape.

Backstamped confirmation signed by the Police and Post Office officials on the examined cover that a **check of the Bank of Athens for 1729 Drachmas was found contained** [apparently, the found item was re-enclosed within the cover].

For this case of finding a check during censorship control, the existed cachet during currency control from 1936 until the start of the war was used

#### A SIMULTANEOUS CONTROL OF CENSORSHIP & CURRENCY EXCHANGE CONTROL

(although the currency control had ceased with the onset of the war)

(back 40%)



Registered letter from the **National Bank of Greece** (Athens) to a bank in **London.** Postmarked at the bank with a **faint red meter machine stamp** on 14 November 1940. It was then forwarded to the Athens civilian post, pmk. "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΣΥΣΤΗΜΕΝΑ ΕΞΩΤΕΡΙΚΟΥ \* **15 XI 40**". Censored with a violet single-circle cachet texted "ATHENS \* CENSORSHIP", censor's number **E.7** 

It is then transferred to the exchange control committee of the Bank of Greece, where the cover:

- is examined and secured with a printed tape "ΕΛΕΓΧΟΣ ΣΥΝΑΛΛΑΓΜΑΤΟΣ / CONTROLE DU CHANGE".
- hand stamped (front and back) with the round cachet of the Currency Control Committee (seated Athena),
- hand stamped also with the square handstamp "ΕΠΙΤΡΕΠΕΤΑΙ Η ΤΑΧΥΔΡΟΜΗΣΙΣ" (PERMITTED TO BE POSTED), without a date, on the back, signed by the committee members
- additionally, a vignette of the Bank is affixed.

Forwarded finally to its destination by the Athens civilian post, pmk "ATHINAI POSTE AERIENNE \* 16 XI 40", routed to its destination through Cairo (transit handstamp of the Egyptian censorship, CENSOR #77 on the front).



It is quite strange for the cover to undergo Currency Control in November, when it is known that it had already been abolished with the declaration of war, and military censorship was officially being enforced.

# 3. CARTOONS WITHIN THE LETTERS

They were available for free to put inside letters to boost the mood and morale of the recipients.



Cover with enclosed letter from ATHENS, pmk "AθHNA (ΛΕΒΙΔΟΥ 8) \* 14 XII 40", to an army officer of TT724 (PS724 -XIII Infantry Division). Censored in Athens with twin-circle cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ \* ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ 116" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP \* CENSORED, censor's number #116) and with resealing printed tape marked "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (HELLENIC CENSORSHIP).

Inside the letter was the above cartoon

### 4. LETTERS WITH CENSOR'S HANDSTAMPS

Quite often, the censor's identification handstamps, were Aparole for Tanem 294 placed not only on the envelopes but also on the enclosed letters Maanuere nou pudansa. Baquia le marele évale maja. ajyare lis mapiès d'a ser vas évera Espay d'aju orke only e य, वर्रव . Tupe poros व वत्र २०, g by Ming 18-3-41 19 31: 60 dapy owia a adygouse Hupe lo pappe ou lig 11 xw. Za olis elg' eing his Rupiaum, öpener er, to Bangu oag g' ai de ygune i o'doi ikaprul, dupaoar toi Raparfa, s'ois En Nav mire lepiac y9cua is for poron er ou da udye 1101- elo papi pe 3-4-41 True & by of us spape a oor ; byeou ropigedos rus nagworves o cirara va journous coaryjupius, du jour vulu oor. Own ooi igpage j'ajjole perevouva exupla por picuare va vocaron da i die 64 aj. was may a j'airo por or pe wapyoph wpoonp!-The stoll enjoyolale opolow wapege by to dife i payor opalor i wobe jug ver la ailyon of a disar da ibyeves, da exportates ré des, an inju La natolica và vàs là và la vienza fact

# 5. CIVILIAN POST OFFICE'S CENSORSHIP

At the start of the war, public mail was **initially censored by the local public authorities** and by control offices of public correspondence that were created in all the major cities of Greece. As we mentioned above, **with the GES directive of 11.11.1940**, **these offices also controlled military correspondence**. Each censorship office had its own handstamps, for this reason there is a plethora of round seals (two concentric or a single circle), but also horizontal ones (the censors had their own seals usually with numbers inside a frame (circular or rectangular).

Letters that were not posted open were opened by the censors and after their contents was verified, they were resealed with printed resealing adhesive tape bearing the inscription "GREEK CENSORSHIP" usually in a tetebeche format. Specifically, there exist numerous types of printed tapes bearing various font faces.

These censorship offices functioned until the occupation of Athens on 17.4.41 by the Germans, or earlier if the city was occupied earlier than that date.

Within the space limitations of the exhibit, a numerically small sample of verified public mail from various cities follows. Postage fees are not mentioned as they are outside the scope of the exhibit.

# Attica region - Saronic Gulf - Cyclades - Euboea

#### • ATHENS

Τὸ γράμμα τοῦ Στρατιώτου εἶναι ἱερὸ γιὰ μᾶς.

Θεωροῦμε καθήκον νὰ κάνωμε ὅ,τι εἶναι δυνατόν γιὰ νὰ Σᾶς ἐξυπηρετήσωμε.

Βοηθήσατε μας καί Σεῖς γράφοντες σύντομα καί καθαρά.

"Ετσι τὰ γράμματά Σας θὰ φθάνουν ταχύτερα στὸν προορισμό τους.

Η ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ



ATHENS/INCOMING MAIL Cover from Königsberg in GERMANY to ATHENS, canc. "KONIESBERG \* 12.2.41" and arrival pmk on reverse on 3.3.41. Censored upon arrival with single-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP) from the censor #170. Bears a resealing tape texted "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP). The cover was initially censored in Germany and secured with resealing tape texted "Geoffnet/Gepruft Obbercommando der Wehrmacht" (Germany was already in war) and stamped with 4line machine postmark (reference: DEUTSCHE DIENSSTELLEN by Riemer, type G-22, pg. 131)



ATHENS/OUTCOMING MAIL Registered cover from ATHENS to N.Y. canc. "AΘHNAI \* 21 III 1941" via SAN FRANCISCO, pmk "SAN FRANCISCO \* MAY 22 1941". Arrival in New York with "NEW YORK \* MAY 28 1941". Censored upon departure with two (in front & on the back) twin-circle handstamps "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΘΗΝΩΝ 240", (ATHENS CENSORCHIP, censor 240), in black color and also two single-circle handstamps in lilac color.

#### AERIAL CORRESPONDENCE GREECE – USA VIA PACIFIC OCEAN

Due to the closed route across the Atlantic, the route via the Pacific that had been in effect since 1935 was modified. The new route was implemented by the Greek Post Offices in March 1941. It was called FAM-19, (Foreign Air Mail 19, Horseshoe Pacific route).

front 40%





\* Egypt - Singapore - Hong Kong - San Francisco (from January 21, 1941, the postage fee was 64 Dr./5g: according to P. Tiberius.)

ETTIETONIKON AENTAPION

Ninojaor Shawoingr

Affinharmis

T. T. & San 652

AHOLTONEYE

Swhing Infinzasin

Thorapsol E. N

ZANAMIS

Cover from **ATHENS** to NEW YORK on 19 III 41. Traveled via Cairo, (indication on the envelope VIA EGYPT). Censored

- in ATHENS (ATHENS CENSORSHIP, censor's number #444),
- in EGYPT (rhomboidal cachet and resealing tape) and finally
- in INDIA
   (printed tape texted
   PASSED BY EXAMINER),
   hub station of the route.

#### Postage fees:

- · Abroad rate: 8 Dr.
- Airmail (Pacific route) \*:
   64 Dr & welfare: 1 Dr.
   "Written in French", note from the sender for the convenience of the censors.

# • SALAMINA island

Picture postcard from SALAMINA (Saronic Gulf) to TT652 (PS652/2nd REGULATORY CENTER), pmk "ΣΑΛΑΜΙΣ \* 3.III.41" Censored with 3-circle elastic handstamp. "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΣΑΛΑΜΙΝΟΣ" (SALAMINA **GENDARMERIE** SUBDIVISION), with a central crest Military

correspondence

#### PSICHIKO area

Cover from PSICHIKO (near ATHENS) to the village of ERIMANTHOS in PELOPONESE, canc. "ΨΥΧΙΚΟΝ \* 8.ΙΙ.41". Censored upon departure with 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΤΤΤ ΨΥΧΙΚΟΥ" (CENSORCHIP of the PSICHIKO post office), with a central crest and censor's signature. Secured with resealing tape texted "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (ATHENS CENSORSHIP)





· GLYFADA (Attica)

Cover from GLYFADA to TT652 (PS 652 /2nd REGULATORY CENTER).
Dispatched via civilian mail, pmk
"ΓΛΥΦΑΔΑ \* 6 IAN 41". Bears printed tape texted "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP), and single-circle handstamp with "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΓΛΥΦΑΔΟΣ" (GLYFADA CENSORSHIP) with a central crest. Bears also a blue color handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΓΛΥΦΑΔΑΣ \* 2" (GLYFADA CENSORSHIP, censor's number #2)
Military correspondence

# • KIFISIA (Attica)

Cover with enclosed letter from KIFISIA to LOUTRAKI, canc. "ΚΗΦΙΣΙΑ \* 7 IAN 41". Censored with a linear box handstamp with "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΚΗΦΙΣΙΑΣ" (KIFISIA CENSORCHIP) and censor's signature. Bears a resealing tape texted "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP)



#### • ELEUSIS (Attica)



Picture postcard from **ELEUSIS** to a soldier of TT152 (PS152/B'Army Corps). Dispatched via civilian mail, pmk "ΕΛΕΥΣΙΝΑ \* 7 Ι 41". Censored with linear 3-line black elastic handstamp "**ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ / Ο ΔΙΟΙΚΗΤΗΣ /** ΥΠΟΔ/ΣΕΩΣ ΧΩΡ/ΚΗΣ ΕΛΕΥΣΙΝΟΣ" (CENSORED / THE COMMANDER / GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION OF ELEUSIS

O+101

Military correspondence

### • MEGARA (Attica)

Small cover from MEGARA to SPARTA, canc. "ΜΕΓΑΡΑ\* 12 NOE 40". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΜΕΓΑΡΙΔΟΣ" (MEGARA GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION), with a central crest and a linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)



### • LAVRIO (Attica)

Cover from LAVRIO to ATHENS, canc. with LAVRIO faint handstamp, hard to distinguish Arrival postmark on the back "ΑΘΗΝΑΙ ΛΕΒΙΔΟΥ 8 \* 7 IV 41". Censored with 3-circle red handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΛΑΥΡΙΟΥ" (LAVRIO CENSORSHIP) with a central crest and censor's signature

PIRAEUS (Attica)



Mourning cover from PIRAEUS to PSICHIKO, canc. "ΠΕΙΡΑΙΕΥΣ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 9.11.40" with the bigger 3-circle cachet "ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ. ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ ΠΕΙΡΑΙΩΣ" (PIRAEUS CENSORSHIP Dept) with crest, & boxed censor's cachet "57- E". It bears also resealing tape texted "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)

HOTTHU CULL



 ANDROS island Postal card from ANDROS (CYCLADES) to SYROS, pmk **ΤΗΛ. ΓΡ. ΓΑΥΡΙΟΥ \* 8 ΦΕΒ** 41" (telegraph office) and 2-circle handstamp with "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑ-ΚΗΣ ΑΝΔΡΟΥ - ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ" (ANDROS GENDARMERIE STATION-KINGDOM of GREECE) with a central crest

 KEA island Postal card from KEA (CYCLADES) to PATRAS. canc. "KEA \* 27 XII 40". Censored with a linear handstamp texted "ЕЛОГОКРІОН" (CENSORED)

ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΑΡΙΟΝ

ΔΙΑ ΤΟ ΕΣΩΤΕΡΙΚΟΝ

Επί τής πλευράς ταύτης γράφεται μόνον ή διεύθυνσις



Dutilenor y Magniphoodoger

addin to astilus

Talph



#### HYDRA island

Cover from HYDRA island (Saronic Gulf) to ATHENS, canc "YΔPA \* 19 ΔΕΚ 40". Bears a faint 3-circle cachet "ΓΡΑΦΕΙΟΝ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ ΥΔΡΑΣ" (HYDRA CENSORSHIP Office) with a central crest (same handstamp on reverse with censor's signature)



#### SKYROS island

Small visiting cover from **SKYROS** island **(SPORADES)** to ATHENS. Telegraphic canc. "ΤΗΛ ΣΚΥΡΟΥ \* 28 ΔΕΚ 41". Censored with 3-circle violet handstamp "**ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΣΚΥΡΟΥ"** (SKYROS GENDARMERIE STATION) with a central crest



#### SIFNOS island

Cover from SIFNOS island (CYCLADES) to PIRAEUS, canc.
"ΣΙΦΝΟΣ \* 17 IAN 41".
Censored upon departure with single-circle cachet
"ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΣΙΦΝΟΥ" (SIFNOS CENSORCHIP)

#### TINOS island Cover from TINOS

AOFOKPIZI

ENAHNIKH

island (CYCLADES) to N.Y. USA, canc. "THNOΣ \* 28 NOE 40". Censored with a linear box cachet "ЕЛОГОКРІОН" (CENSORED) and censor's signature on the blank paper resealing tape



#### NAXOS island

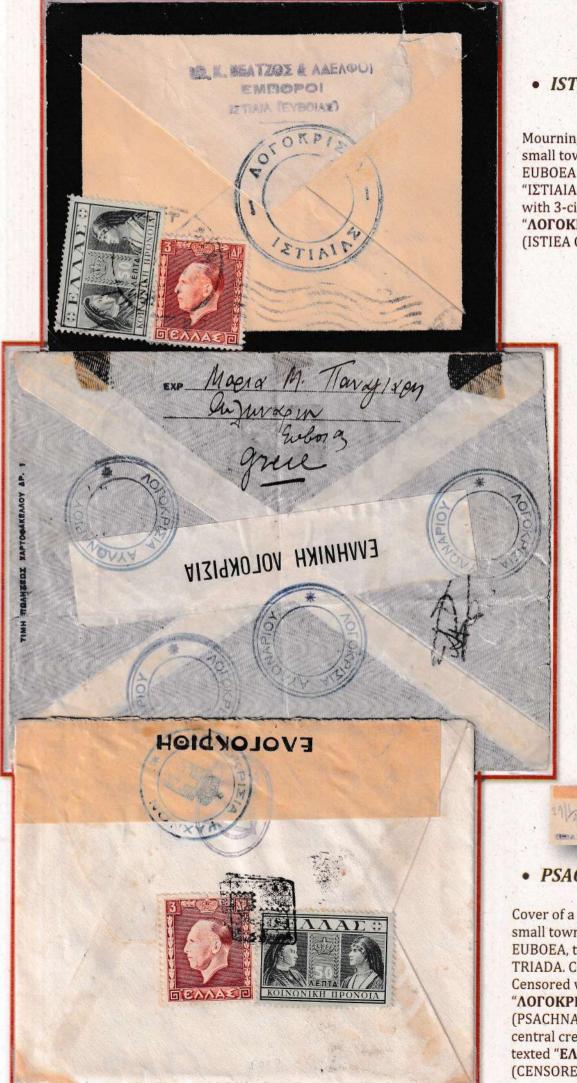
Postal card from NAXOS island (CYCLADES) to ATHENS, canc. "NAΞΟΣ\* 30 IAN 41". Censored with:

- 3-circle handstamp "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ NAEOY" (NAXOS **GENDARMERIE** STATION) and
- boxed linear cachet "ЕЛОГОКРІӨН" (CENSORED)



Bears resealing tape texted GREEK CENSORSHIP. The fractional 12/8

refers to Athen's postman



#### • ISTIEA (Euboea)

Mourning cover from the small town of **ISTIEA** in EUBOEA to PIRAEUS, canc. "IΣΤΙΑΙΑ \* 25 I 41". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ – **IΣΤΙΑΙΑΣ"** (ISTIEA CENSORSHIP)



#### AVLONARI KYMIS (Euboea)

Cover from the village **AVLONARI KYMIS** in Euboea, to Danbury Conn. USA, canc. "ΑΥΛΩΝΑΡΙΟΝ \*? I 41" Bears multiple 3circle handstamps texted "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΥΛΩΝΑΡΙΟΥ" (AVLONARI CENSORSHIP). Apparently, the envelope was delivered open and secured with a tape texted GREEK CENSORSHIP, on which censorship handstamps were applied.



#### • PSACHNA (Euboea)

Cover of a Achimandrite of the small town of **PSACHNA** in EUBOEA, to the nearby village TRIADA. Canc. "ΨΑΧΝΑ \* 30 I 41". Censored with 2-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* ΨΑΧΝΩΝ" (PSACHNA CENSORSHIP) with a central crest. Resealing tape texted "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)

#### CENTRAL GREECE – EPIRUS – THESSALY



#### • LEVADIA (BOEOTIA region)

Postal card from the town LEVADIA of BOEOTIA region, to PATRAS, canc. "ΛΕΒΑΔΕΙΑ \* 20 IAN 41". Censored with 2-line linear handstamp texted "ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ / ΛΕΒΑΔΕΙΑΣ" (LEVADIA CENSORSHIP Dept)

AHMOY HOMONH

#### • ITEA (FOKIDA Prefecture)



Commercial cover from the smalltown of **ITEA** in FOKIDA prefecture, to ATHENS, canc. "ITEA\* 24 I 41". Censored with 2-ring blue handstamp "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ" (GENDARMERIE STATION) with a central crest and censor's name beside on the resealing printed tape texted "Λογοκρισία Ιτέας" (ITEA CENSORSHIP). The circled 22 refers to Athen's postman



#### • MESSOLONGHI (AETOLIA-ACARNANIA)

Postcard from MESSOLONGHI of the prefecture of AETOLIA-ACARNANIA, to EGION (PELOPONESE), canc. "ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΝ \* 17 ΝΟΕ 40". Censored with 3-circle violet handstamp "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΥ" (MESSOLONGHI GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION) with a central crest



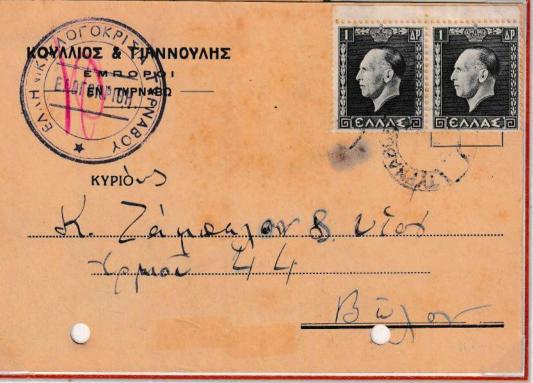
#### Different censorship handstamp of Messolonghi

Similarly, a postal card from MESSOLONGHI to PATRAS, προς Πάτρα με αποστολή "ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΝ \* 23 ΦΕΒ 41" Censored with 3-circle violet handstamp "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΜΕΣΟΛΟΓΓΙΟΥ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP OF MESSOLONGHI), with a central crest

#### • TIRNAVOS (THESSALY)

Commercial postcard from the prefecture of TIRNAVOS (THESSALY region) to VOLOS, canc. TYPNABOΣ\* 31 MAP 41. Censored with a 3-circle violet handstamp "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΤΥΡΝΑΒΟΥ-ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ"

TYPNABOY-EAOFOKPIO (GREEK CENSORSHIP OF TYRNAVOS - CENSORED) with censor's signature in red



SKLITHRO settlement of LARISA

Le Depun hij 2. 2. 41

Repairement and high appare and hid

Occopposition and hip a algunopula makes
or competen sepon 21 Milantos.



Illustrated postal letter from a sergeant, en route to the front, sent on 2.2.41 (from inside the letter, as it does not have a postage stamp). It was dispatched through civilian mail. Censored with 3-circle blue handstamp "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΣΚΛΗΘΡΟΥ-ΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ" (SKLITHRON GENDARMERIE STATION-KINGDOM OF GREECE) with a central crest

Military correspondence



Avjoier

Avjoier

Sin Pay, Eurolupulus

Viv. Francisco

#### • AMFIKLIA (PHTHIOTIS Prefecture)

Small cover from the small town of **AMFIKLIA** in PHTHIOTIS prefecture to ATHENS, canc. "ΑΜΦΙΚΛΕΙΑ \* 7 Ι 41".

Censored with twin-circle cachet "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΑΜΦΙΚΛΕΙΑΣ" (AMFIKLIA GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION) with a central crest and a handwritten examiner's "ελογοκρίθη" (censored)



# ARTA (EPIRUS region)

Postal card from ARTA to PATRAS, canc. "APTA \* 8 I 41". Censored with 2-ring cachet "TAΓMA ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΑΡΤΗΣ" (ARTA GENDARMERIE BATTALION) in outer belt with crest centrally and a handwritten examiner's "ελογοκρίθη" (censored) in red

#### IONIAN ISLANDS



#### • KARYA (LEFKAS island)

Anocroperos Kernas brodobias

Cover from the settlement of KARYA of LEFKAS island to ATHENS. Pmk
"KAPYA ΛΕΥΚΑΔΟΣ \* 12 III 41".
Censored with single-circle handstamp
"ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΚΑΡΥΑΣ" (KARYA CENSORSHIP).
Secured with resealing tape texted
"ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP) on both sides.
The circled 35 refers to Athen's postman

#### ZAKYNTHOS island

Different Censorship handstamps of ZAKYNTHOΣ



Cover from island of ZAKYNTHOS to ATHENS, canc. "ΖΑΚΥΝΘΟΣ \* 12 MA 41". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ZAKYNOOY 2" (ZAKYNTHOS CENSORSHIP. censor's number #2) and a second 3-circle handstamp with "EAAHNIKH ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP) with a central crest



Likewise postal card from ZAKYNTHOS to PATRAS, canc. "ZAKYNΘΟΣ \* 8? I 41". Censored with 3-line linear handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ / ZAKYNΘΟΥ / Ο ΠΡΟΙΣΤΑΜΕΝΟΣ" (CENSORSHIP/of ZAKYNTHOS/THE SUPERVISOR) with censor's signature

CORFOU island

... an interesting postcard from Corfu

Oνομα haman ham sent para Bulling Anorth Basi non Toπockop an para Tomockop an para Tomock

(back 16 MAI 41)



Postcard from CORFOU island to CRETE, canc.
"ΚΕΡΚΥΡΑ (ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ) \*
17 ΑΠΡ 41". Censored with "ΑΣΤΥΝ. ΠΟΛ.
ΚΕΡΚΥΡΑΣ –
ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ 7" (CORFU POLICE CENSORSHIP, censor's number #7).

Note: The envelope never traveled to Crete. It remained in Athens, but in the meantime, Greece has surrendered to the Axis powers. It was postmarked in Athens on May 16, 1941 (with the wavy machine stamp of Athens on the back). It returns from the Germans to Corfu and was postmarked with CORFU (on arrival) on August 6, 1941, almost 4 months later, while the island was already under Italian occupation. It is re-censored by the Italians with the 2-line linear box handstamp texted "VERIFICATO / PER CENSURA," and censor's number (3).



Postal card from **KYTHERA** island to S1 Evacuation Hospital in the Postal Sector 652 (B' Regulatory Center). Dispatched via civilian mail, pmk "ΚΥΘΗΡΑ \* 26 MAP 41". Censored with 2-circle handstamp "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΚΥΘΗΡΩΝ", (ΚΥΤΗΕRA GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION) with a central crest and censor's signature. *Military correspondence* 



## KEFALONIA island

Commercial cover from the capital ARGOSTOLI to HERAKLION (CRETE), canc. **"ΑΡΓΟΣΤΟΛΙΟΝ \* 8** ΔEK 40". Open and passed by censor locally; resealed with tape printed **"ЕЛЛНИКН** ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORSHIP) on the back and hand stamped with 2-ring violet cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΑΡΓΟΣΤΟΛΙΟΥ" .. (ARGOSTOLI CENSORSHIP)

This handstamp was used:

- for the exchange control of the 1st period (1936-40),
- · for censorship during the Greco-Italian War and finally
- for the censorship control by the Italians, during the Italian occupation of the island

#### MACEDONIA region



# THASOS island

Military postal card from THASOS to PS526 (D' ARMY CORPS), via civilian mail, pmk "ΘΑΣΟΣ \* 15 3 41". Censored with twin-ring cachet "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ 1" (GREEK CENSORSHIP, censor's no 1)

Military correspondence

#### THESSALONIKI



Commercial cover from THESSALONIKI to EDESSA, canc. "ΘΕΣΣΑΛΟΝΙΚΗ \* 30 XI 40". Censored with twinring violet cachet "ΣΤΡΑΤΙΩΤΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (MILITARY CENSORSHIP) a cahet that was used not only for military purposes but also by the civilian postal service of the city). Censor's number 116, (in a box)

#### • GALATISTA (CHALKIDIKI region)

Postal card from the small town of GALATISTA in CHALKIDIKI, to ATHENS, canc. "ΓΑΛΑΤΙΣΤΑ \* 28 III 41". Censored with 3circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΓΑΛΑΤΙΣΤΗΣ" (GALATISTA CENSORSHIP) with a central crest. In a box "Λ.1" (censor's number)



# TAXVAPOMIKON AEATAPION Succeptable of the series of the s

#### • GOUMENISA (KILKIS region)

Postcard from the settlement GOUMENISA (prefecture of **PEONIA** in the KILKIS region), to a soldier of PS212 (C' ARMY CORPS). It was dispatched through civilian mail, canc. "ΓΟΥΜΕΝΙΣΣΑ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ \* 17 2 41".

Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΠΑΙΟΝΙΑΣ" (PEONIA GENDARMERIE SUBDIVISION) and linear "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) with censor's signature

Military correspondence

#### • FLORINA Prefecture

Postal card from FLORINA to PIRAEUS, canc.

"ΦΛΩΡΙΝΑ \* 5 XII 40".

Censored with 3-circle handstamp "TMHMA ΕΛΕΓΧΟΥ ΔΙΑΒΑΤΗΡΙΩΝ ΦΛΩΡΙΝΗΣ" (PASSPORT CONTROL DEPARTMENT OF FLORINA) with a central crest and censor's signature





# • VIRONIA (SERRES Prefecture)

Military postal card from the village VIRONIA of SERRES prefecture, to a soldier of PS235 (XI INFANTRY Division)
It was dispatched through civilian mail, canc. "NEON ΠΕΤΡΙΤΣΙΟΝ \* 25 XII 40".
Censored with 3-circle cachet "ΑΣΤΥΝΟΜΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ Ν. ΠΕΤΡΙΤΣΙΟΥ" (NEW PETRITSI POLICE CENSORSHIP) with a central crest Military correspondence

NOMIKH ADIOSPIZIA



#### • KOMOTINI (RODOPI pref.)

(in front)

Cover from the town of KOMOTINI to USA, canc. "KOMOTINH \* 24 XI 40". Censored with 3circle cachet "TMHMA ΑΣΦΑΛΕΙΑΣ ΚΟΜΟΤΙΝΗΣ" (KOMOTINI POLICE CENSORSHIP) with a central crest. Interesting printed resealing tape texted "ΑΣΤΥΝΟΜΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" POLICE CENSORSHIP

# SKYDRA (PELLA prefecture)

Military postal card from the small town of SKYDRA of PELLA prefecture to PS624 (3rd REGULATORY CENTER). It was dispatched through civilian mail, canc. "ΝΑΟΥΣΑ ΜΑΚΕΔΟΝΙΑΣ \* 23 Ι 41". Censored with a red 3-circle handstamp "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ" (GREEK CENSORCHIP) and linear "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED) The censor was a schoolteacher (red cachet too)

Military correspondence





#### • KASTORIA Prefecture

Mourning cover from KASTORIA to ATHENS, canc. "ΚΑΣΤΟΡΙΑ \* 15 XII 41". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΑΣΤΥΝΟΜΙΚΟΝ ΤΜΗΜΑ ΚΑΣΤΟΡΙΑΣ \* ΥΠΗΡΕΣΙΑ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ" (KASTORIA POLICE STATION \* CENSORSHIP Dept) with a central crest and a linear handstamp "E. 2" (censor's number)

#### DIDIMOTICHO (THRACE region)



Commercial cover from **DIDIMOTICHO** in the region of THRACE, to ATHENS, canc. "ΔΙΔΥΜΟΤΕΙΧΟΝ ΔΕΜΑΤΑ \* 3 I 41". Passed by censor at the local censor office. Secured with resealing tape printed "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" tied with pale blue double ring cachet texted "ГРАФЕІОН ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑΣ ΔΙΔΥΜΟΤΕΙΧΟΥ" (DIDIMOTICHO OFFICE CENSORSHIP) and censor's signature

#### AEGEAN ISLANDS



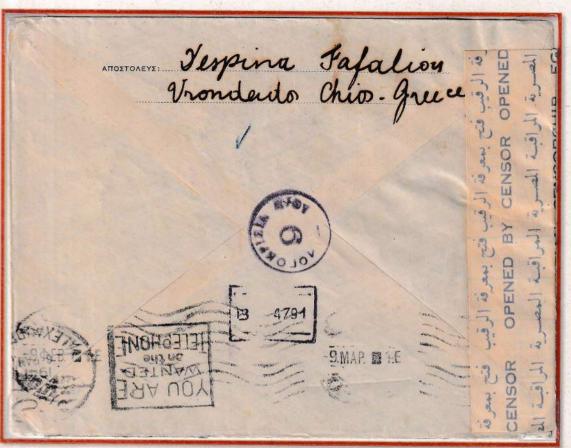
# • PETRA (MYTILENE island)

Postal card from the village
PETRA in MYTILENE (near
KALLONI) to the village
PLOMARI (MYTILENE),
canc. "ΠΕΤΡΑ \*
17 IV 41". Censored with a
twin-circle handstamp
"ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ
ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΠΕΤΡΑΣ"
(PETRA GENDARMERIE
COMMAND) with a central
crest and also with a linear
"ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ"
(CENSORED) with censor's
signature



#### MOUDROS (LEMNOS island)

Cover from the village MOUDROS in LEMNOS to MYTILENE, canc. "ΜΟΥΔΡΟΣ ΕΠΙΤΑΓΑΙ \* 24 NOE 40". Bears a twin-circle "ΕΛΕΓΧΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΜΟΥΔΡΟΥ" (MOUDROS GENDARMERIE CONTROL) with a central crest and also censor's signature on a rough resealing tape of the cover





#### VRONTADOS (CHIOS island)

Postal card from the small town VRONTADOS of CHIOS to ALEXANDRIA (transit PIRAEUS), pmk "ΧΙΟΣ ΑΦΙΞΙΣ \* 5 II 41". Censored with a single-circle cachet "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΧΙΟΥ 9" (CHIOS CENSORSHIP, censor's number #9). Censored also upon arrival with Egyptian square handstamp (in front) and with a printed resealing tape from the Egyptian Censorship.

#### MYTILENE island

Commercial postal card from MYTILENE to PIRAEUS, pmk "ΤΑΧΥΔΡΟΜΕΙΟΝ MYTIΛΗΝΗΣ \* 14 XI 40". Censored with 3-circle cachet "TMHMA ΓΕΝΙΚΗΣ ΑΣΦΑΛΕΙΑΣ" (POLICE STATION SECURITY) with a central crest and a linear "ЕЛОГОКРІОН" (CENSORED)

ΕΛΛΑΣ ΕΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΝ ΔΕΛΤΑΡΙΟΝ AIA TO TEPIKON Επί της πλευράς ταύτης γραφεται μόνον ή διεύθυνσις Alianinon Hopions Tvarmed. Kappei SANTORINI island Termor Xupion In Mailous 8 III 41". E Horinas

Cover from the island of THIRA (SANTORINI) to ATHENS, pmk "OHPA \*

Censored with 3-line oval violet handstamp texted "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ \* OHPAΣ" (THIRA CENSORCHIP). Examined at THIRA town censure office; secured with printed tape texted **ΈΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ"** (GREEK CENSORSHIP) on both sides

#### • VRACHNEIKA (ACHAIA Prefecture)

Postcard from the settlement of VRACHNEIKA to ATHENS, canc. "BPAXNEIKA \* 14 ΦEB 41". Censored with boxed 2-line linear handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ /ΒΡΑΧΝΕΙΚΩΝ" VRACHNEIKA CENSORSHIP)



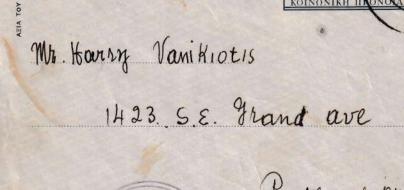


#### VELO (CORINTHOS Prefecture)

Illustrated postcard from the smalltown of VELO to FALIRON, canc. BEΛΛΟΝ \* 28 ΦΕΒ 41. Censored with 2-circle cachet "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΒΕΛΛΟΥ" (VELO GREEK CENSORSHIP) and linear "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ" (CENSORED)

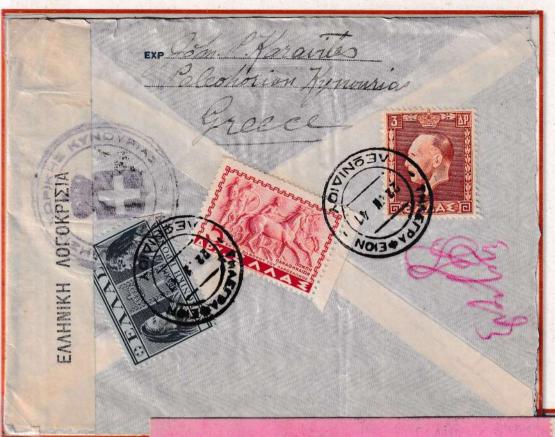
#### • ISARI (ARKADIA Prefecture)

Postal envelope from the village ISARI to USA, canc. "IΣAPH \* 16 IAN 1941" Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΙΣΣΑΡΙ", (ISARI GENDARMERIE STATION) with a central crest and handwritten note "ελογοκρίθη" (censored)





Portland bregon us,9



# PALEOCHORI KINOURIAS (ARCADIA Prefecture)

Cover from the village

PALEOCHORI to CHICAGO

USA, canc. "ΤΗΛΕΓΡΑΦΕΙΟΝ

ΛΕΩΝΙΔΙΟΥ \* 22 II 41"
(telegraphic pmk). Censored
with 3-circle handstamp
"ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡ)ΚΗΣ

ΚΥΝΟΥΡΙΑΣ " ΚΙΝΟURIA
GENDARMERIE COMMAND)
with crest. Resealing tape
printed with "ΕΛΛΗΝΙΚΗ

ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ
(GREEK CENSORSHIP) and
handwritten note

"Ελογοκρίθη" (CENSORED) with censor's signature.

#### • KRESTENA (ILIA Pref.)

Postcard from
KRESTENA in ILIA
prefecture to
PATRAS, canc.
KPEΣTAINA \*
18 I 41. Faint 3-circle
censorship cachet
"ΥΠΟΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ
ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ
ΣΕΛΙΝΟΥΝΤΟΣΒΑΣΙΛΕΙΟΝ ΤΗΣ
ΕΛΛΑΔΟΣ"
(SELINOUNTOS
GENDARMERIE
SUBDIVISION)

#### • GARGALIANOI (MESSINI Prefeçture)

Private postcard from GARGALIANOI to ATHENS, canc.
"ΓΑΡΓΑΛΙΑΝΟΙ \*
15 IAN 41". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΓΑΡΓΑΛΙΑΝΩΝ"
(GARGALIANOI CENSORSHIP) with crest



#### SKALA LAKONIAS (LAKONIA Prefecture)



Commercial cover from the smalltown of **SKALA LAKONIAS** in LAKONIA prefecture to ATHENS, canc. "ΣΚΑΛΑ (ΛΑΚΩΝΙΑΣ) \* 19 XII 40", transit SPARTI with pmk "ΣΠΑΡΤΗ ΑΦΙΞΙΣ \* 19 XII 40". The envelope was submitted open and censored with 2-circle handstamp "**ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΣΚΑΛΑΣ**" (SKALA GENDARMERIE STATION). The circled 27 refers to Athen's postman



#### NAFPLION (ARGOLIDA region)

Private commercial postcard from NAFPLION to ATHENS canc. "NAYΠΛΙΟΝ ΑΠΟΣΤΟΛΗ \* 17 XII 40". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΝΑΥΠΛΙΟΥ" (NAFPLION CENSORSHIP), with a central crest and a single circle handstamp with censor's number "E. 7"



#### St NICOLAS (LASITHI Prefecture)

Cover from Lieutenant Colonel, director of the RECRUITMENT OFFICE of **St NICOLAS** of CRETE (official circled cachet of the office), to ATHENS, Pmk "ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ \* 23 III 41" Censored with 2-line linear handstamp "ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ / ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΛΑΣΙΘΙΟΥ" (CENSORED / LASITHI GENDARMERIE COMMAND) and censor's signature

# • TYMPAKI (FESTOS Prefecture)

Cover from the small town of **TYMPAKI** of FESTOS Prefecture, to HRAKLEION.

Pmk "TYMΠAKI \* 7 XI 40". Censored with 3-circle handstamp "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΤΥΜΠΑΚΙΟΥ" (TYMPAKI GENDARMERIE STATION), with a central crest and censor's signature.



# EΠΙΣΤΟΛΙΚΟΓ ΔΙΑ ΤΟ : ΚΟΙΝΟΝΑ ΠΑΙΘΕΙΑ Κυρίος Φοισσιο Τεφαίνου Κυριν απ 65 ΔΑ Δη ναι ΔΑ Δη ναι ΔΑ Δη ναι

#### HERAKLION

Postal card from HERAKLION to ATHENS, pmk
"HPAKΛΕΙΟΝ \* 5 ΦΕΒ
41". Bears a single-circle handstamp
"ΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΣΙΑ ΤΑΧ. ΗΡΑΚΛΕΙΟΝ"
(HERAKLION CENSORSHIP of Postal Office) and a boxed cachet texted
"Ελογοκρίθη 9".
(Censored, censor #9)

#### • KAVOUSI IERAPETRA (LASITHI Prefecture)



Commercial cover from the village **KAVOUSI** of IERAPETRA to HERAKLION, canc. "KABOYΣI (IEΡΑΠΕΤΡΑΣ) \* 15 XI 40". Forwarded to the capital St NICOLAS for censorship, is postmarked with "ΑΓΙΟΣ ΝΙΚΟΛΑΟΣ ΚΡΗΤΗΣ \* 16 XI 40" and secured with resealing plain tape, hand stamped with violet 2-line linear cachet "**ΕΛΟΓΟΚΡΙΘΗ** / **ΔΙΟΙΚΗΣΙΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΛΑΣΗΘΙΟΥ**" (CENSORED/ LASITHI GENDARMERIE COMMAND) and censor's signature.

Pmk upon arrival with "HPAKΛΕΙΟ \* 16 NOE 40"

Poilua 25/12/40



#### • ROUSTICA (RETHIMNO prefecture)

Postal card from the village ROUSTICA of RETHIMNO, to ATHENS. Send on 25/12/40 (back), indistinct dispatch cancellation. Censored with "ΣΤΑΘΜΟΣ ΧΩΡΟΦΥΛΑΚΗΣ ΡΟΥΣΤΙΚΑΣ" (ROUSTICA GENDARMERIE STATION) with a central crest and censor's signature.

#### October 28, 1940... the 1st day of an epic ...



Letter card posted from BUDAPEST on 28 X 40 to THESSALONIKI, first day of the war (no arrival cancellation). Hand stamped on arrival with ETPATIQTIKH \*
AOFOKPIEIA (MILITARY \* CENSORSHIP) and in a box the censor's number (illegible)

### ... the last of his inglorious end ... April 6, 1941

Registered printed cover (postage 3dr & 50l welfare and additional postage back 4dr) from PATRAS to ATHENS, canc. **INATPA EYETHMENA** \*
6 AIP 41, the day of Germany's declaration of war with the operation MARITA

It has not been censored!!



... and the beginning of a new dark page of our history, which was the German occupation ...

